

Remedial Foundation Solutions for Existing Tanks

2009 Aboveground Storage Tank Management Conference and Trade Show

September 11, 2009 – Houston, Texas





Presentation

- Types of Settlement
- Remedial Methods
 - Grouting
 - Mechanical Jacking
 - Floor Lifting
- Case History
- Close





Settlement Types

- Shell Settlement
 - $S \le [(L^2 \times Y \times 11)/(2 \times E \times H)]$
- Edge Settlement
 - Maximums set by API and depend on the tank construction
- Internal Bottom Settlement
 - $B_{\rm B} = 0.37R$
 - Edge and center settlement relationship

$$- (r_{center} - r_{edge})/D < 0.005$$



Settlement Types

- Settlement of Tanks can lead to ...
 - Overstressing of tank connections
 - Loss of Freeboard
 - Distortion of roofs
 - Ovalization of Fluid Surface
 - Overstressing of shell
 - Overstressing of floor
- Settlement is related to poor or non uniform ground conditions



Shell Settlement





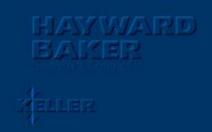




Internal Bottom Settlement







Edge Settlement





Remedial Methods

- Jet Grouting
 - Insitu buttress
 - Insitu ring beam
- Compaction Grouting
 - Densification of loose soil
 - Lift settled ring beams
- Micropiles
- Slurry Grouting
- Mechanical Lifting

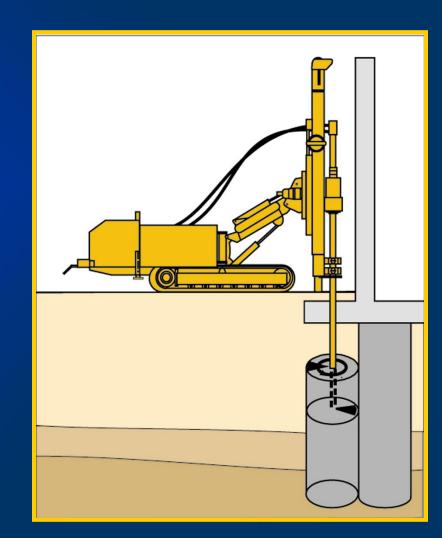




Jet Grouting

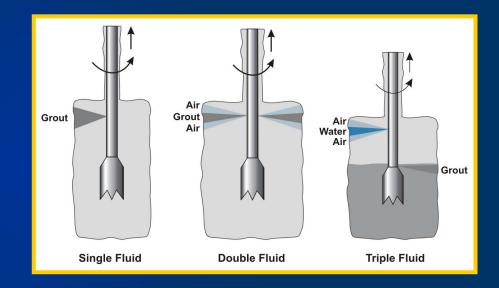
Jet Grouting is a versatile Ground Modification system used to create in situ cemented geometries of soilcrete.

SuperJet Grouting is a modified double-fluid jet grouting system that takes advantage of tooling design efficiencies and increased energy to create high-quality, large diameter (11-16 ft), soilcrete elements. It is effective in most soil types and is best when applied for bottom seals and 'surgical' treatment applications.



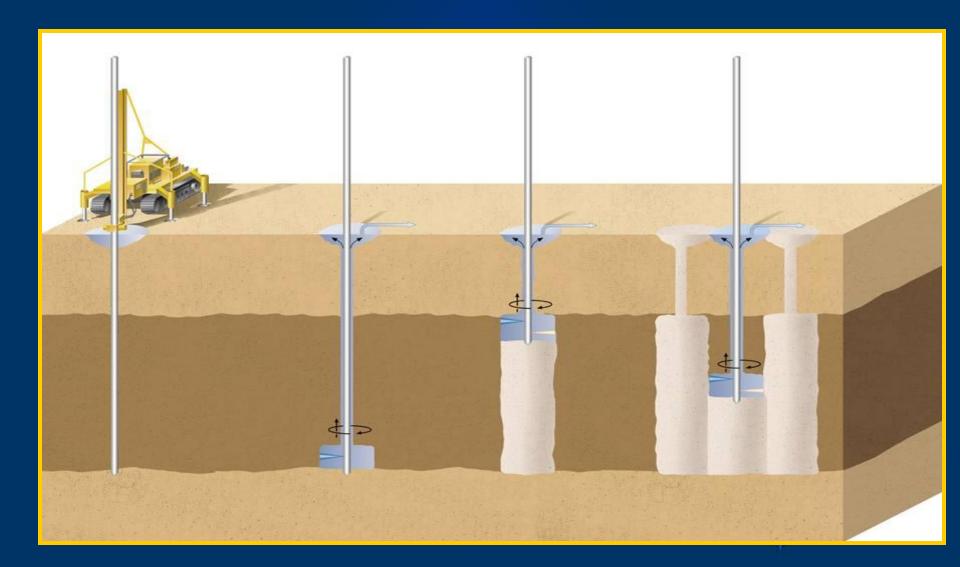
Jet Grouting Systems

There are three traditional jet grouting systems.
Selection of a system is generally determined by the in situ soil, the application, and the physical characteristics of soilcrete (i.e. strength) required for that application.

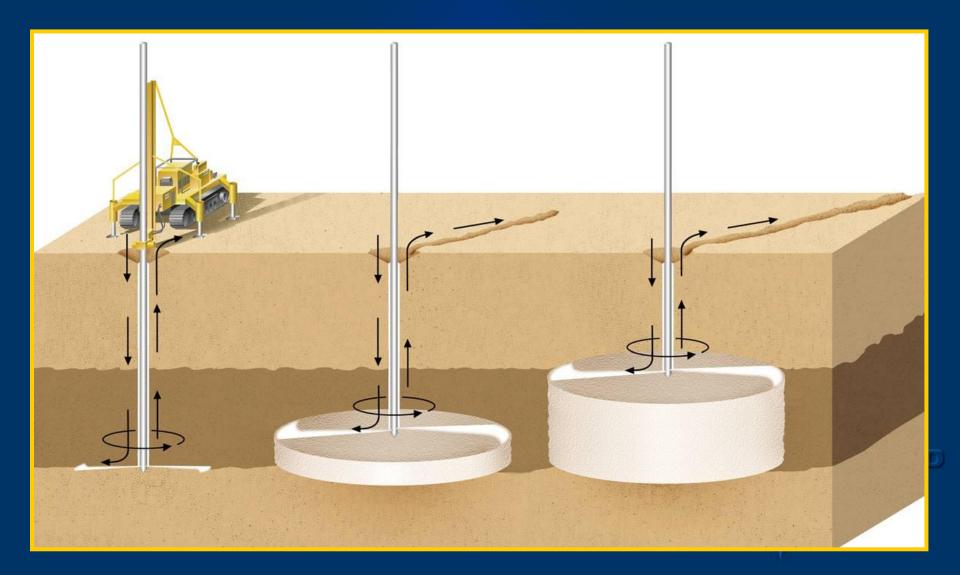




Jet Grouting Process

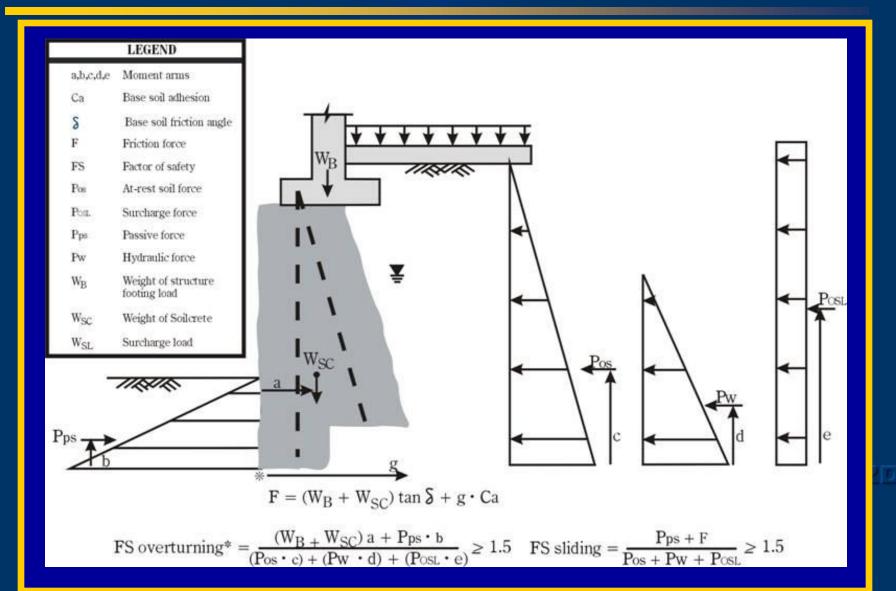


SuperJet Grouting Process





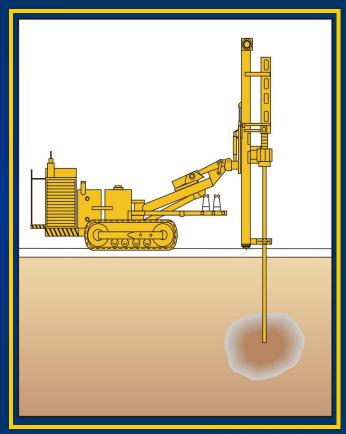
Design Considerations for Jet Grout Buttress Construction



Compaction Grouting

Compaction Grouting uses displacement to improve ground conditions. A very viscous (low-mobility), aggregate grout is pumped in stages, forming grout bulbs, which displace and densify the surrounding soils.

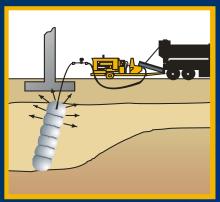
Significant improvement can be achieved by sequencing the grouting work from primary to secondary to tertiary locations.

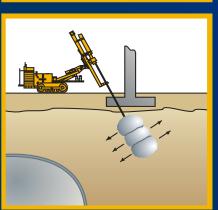


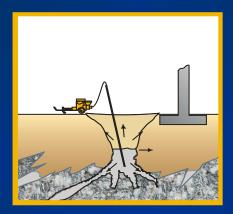


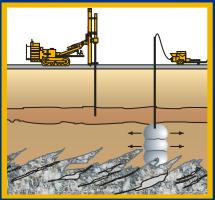


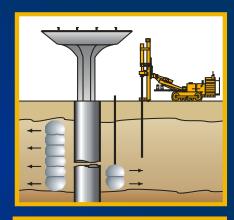
Compaction Grouting Applications

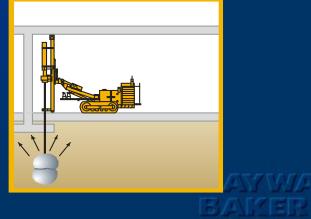








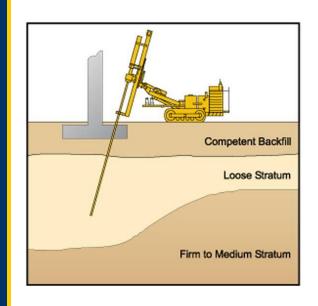


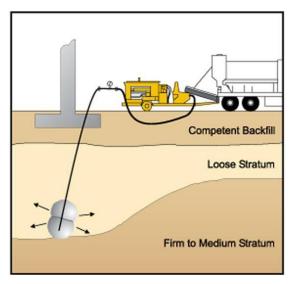


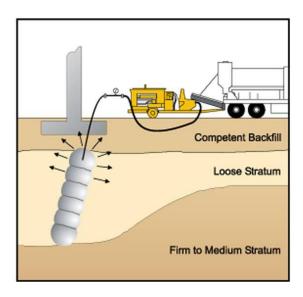




Compaction Grouting Process













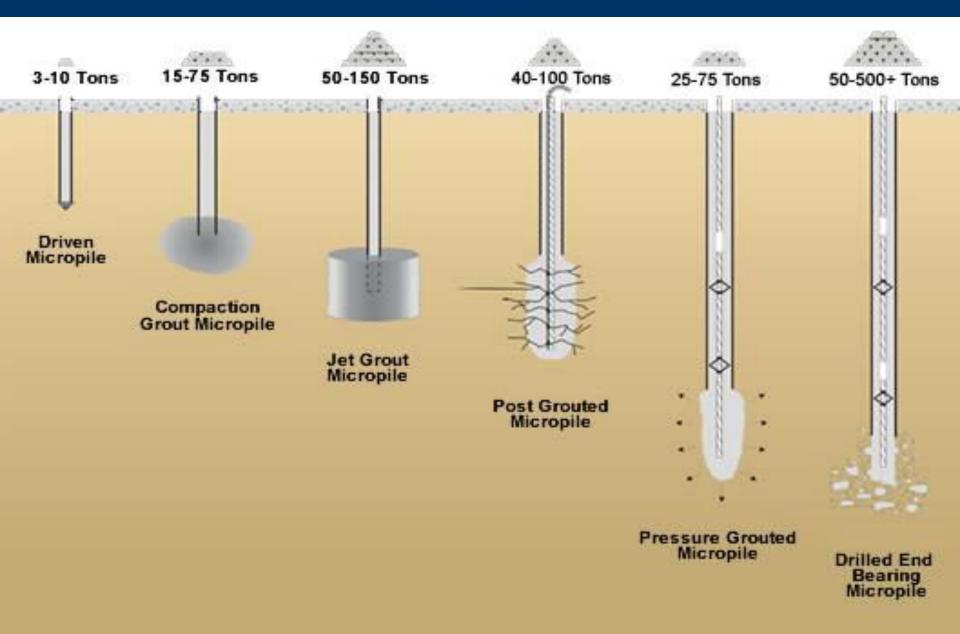
Micropiles

10-100k

Originally...were relatively small diameter (2 to 5"), low capacity piles (10 to 100 kips) used in various soil types to transfer structural load to competent bearing strata. Micropiles are easily installed in restricted access and limited headroom situations.

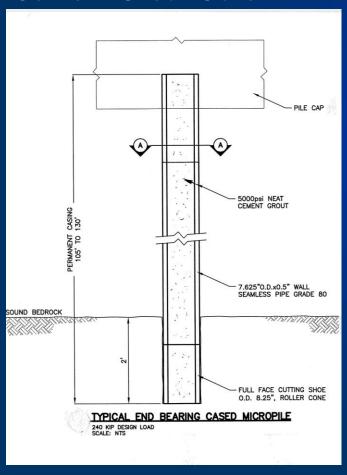
 Now...diameters and capacities have increased to as great as 12" and 600 kips, respectively.



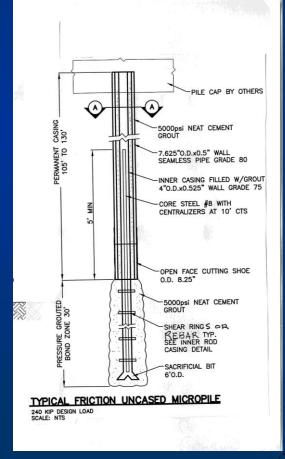


Two Types Of Micropiles

CASED - Steel Pipe Cement Grout Core



UNCASED - Pressure Grouted
 Shaft with Steel Core



End Bearing Pile

Friction Pile

Micropiles

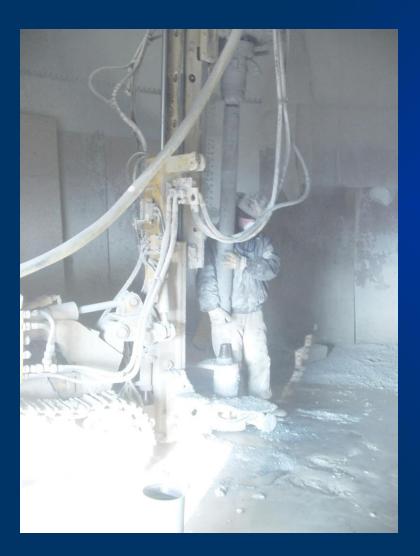




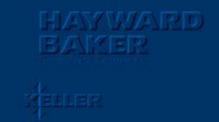
HAYWARD BAKER



Micropiles for Tanks







Mechanical Lifting/Grouting







Mechanical Lifting



HAYWARD BAKER



Case History

- Tank supported on ring beam
- Settlement exceeded tolerances during hydrotest
- Hydrotest stopped prior to full height reached
- Ring beam structure compromised

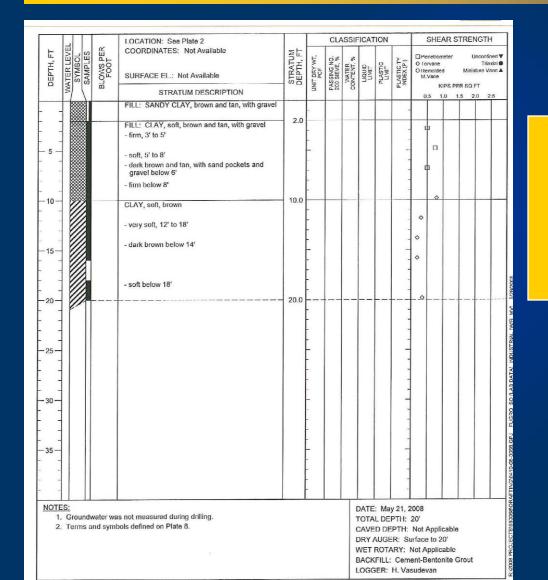




- Design was based upon...
 - Good Bearing soils at depth
 - Settlement would be rectified using compaction grouting
 - Treatment isolated to side of tank with most settlement
 - Jet Grout columns installed through and below ring beam
 - 3 to 4 ft diameter jet grout column







Zone of Soft soil below ring beam

HAZYWAIRD BAIXER



Tank 516

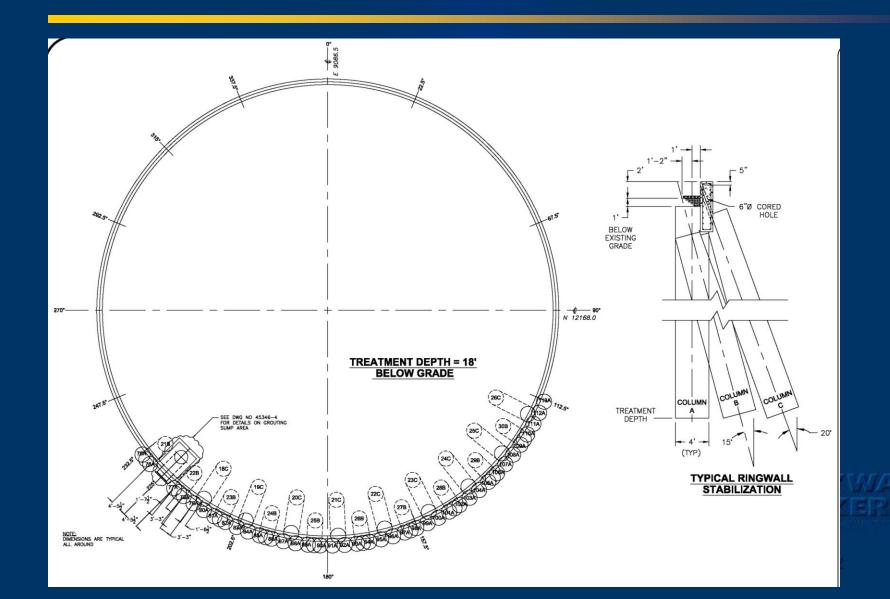
Ringwall foundation

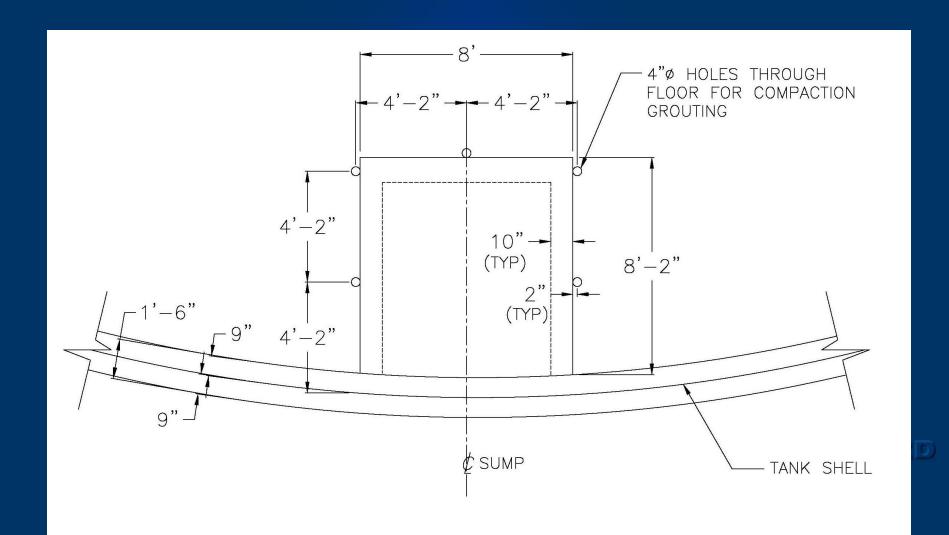
Water	0.6 A				42 ft.		53.5 ft	- 9	53,5 ft.		53,5 ft.		53.5 ft	0	53.5 ft.
Date	1/25/2008		3/26/2008		3/27/2008		3/29/2008		3/31/2008		4/2/2008		4/3/2008		4/4/2008
Survey Pt.	889					10.636									
0	5.94	0	5.9	0	5.83	0	5.69	0	5.64	0	5.62	0	5.61	0	5.6
. 1	5.93	1	5.92	1	5.86	1	5.77	1	5.72	1	5.71	1	5.7	1	5.69
2	5.94	2	5.94	2	5.9	2	5.83	2	5.8	2	5.8	2	5.79	2	5.78
3	5.96	3	5.96	3	5.92	3	5.87	3	5.86	3	5.85	3	5.85	3	5.84
4	5.97	4	5.97	4	5.94	4	5.9	4	5.89	4	5.88	4	5.87	4	5.87
5	5.97	5	5.94	5	5.93	5	5.88	5	5.87	5	5.85	5	5.84	5	5.83
6	5.97	6	5.94	6	5.92	6	5.86	6	5.83	6	5.81	6	5.8	6	5.78
7	5.96	7	5.93	7	5.89	7	5.8	7	5.76	7	5.73	7	5.72	7	5.71
8	5.94	8	5.9	8	5.85	8	5.74	8	5.68	8	5.64	8	5.63	8	5.61
9	5.93	9	5.87	9	5.82	9	5.67	9	5.61	9	5.57	9	5.56	9	5.54
10	5.97	10	5.88	10	5.82	10	5.65	10	5.59	10	5.55	10	5.53	10	5.52
11	5.92	11	5.83	11	5.77	11	5.6	11	5.52	11	5.5	11	5.48	11	5.46
12	5.96	12	5.86	12	5.8	12	5.65	12	5.59	12	5.56	12	5.55	12	5.54

53.5 ft	Water
4/5/2008	Date
	Survey Pt.
5.6	0
5.69	1
5.79	2
5.84	3
5.87	4
5.85	5
5.8	6
5.72	7
5.62	8
5.55	9
5.52	10
5.47	11
5.54	12

Total Ave	Moment.
rank vo	A SECTION AND ADDRESS OF
in Tenths	I in Inches

0.34	4.08*			
0.24	2.88"			
0.15	1.80"			
0.12	1.44"			
0.1	1.20"			
0.12	1.44"			
0.17	2.04"			
0.24	2.88"			
0.32	3.84"			
0.38	4.56"			
0.45	5.40"			
0.45	5.40"			
0.42	5.04"			











Closing Remarks

- Tanks can fail from differential settlement which overstresses the shell or floor
- Product capacity can be compromised due to settlements
- Connections to the tank can be compromised due to settlements
- Grouting methods can be employed to minimize additional settlement or rectify settlement that has already taken place

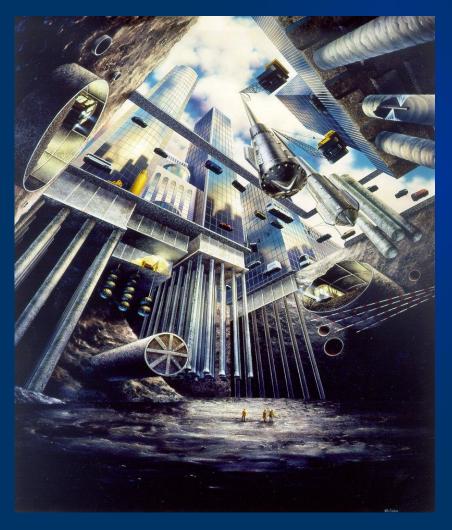
Closing Remarks

- Compaction Grouting can be used to raise settled portions of a tank
- Jet Grouting can be used to increase edge shear
- Micropiles can be used to support heavily reinforced tank slabs and ring beams





The World as we See It!



Thanks for listening!

Questions?

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