How to Comply with Florida DEP AST Rules and Avoid Petroleum Discharges to the Environment



Mott-Smith Consulting Group, LLC



Division of Waste Management -Mary Jean Yon, Director Dotty Diltz, Assistant Director

Bureau of Petroleum Storage Systems - 850-245-8821 Mike Ashey, Chief

Storage Tank Regulation Section - 850-245-8838 Bill Burns, Administrator - 850-245-8842



FDEP District Offices

Pensacola - 850-595-8360

Jacksonville - 904-448-4300

Tampa - 813-632-7600

Orlando - 407-894-7555

West Palm - 561-681-6600

Fort Myers - 941-332-6975

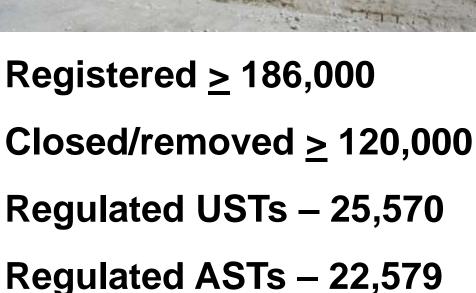




Registered \geq 54,000

Active Regulated – 21,122

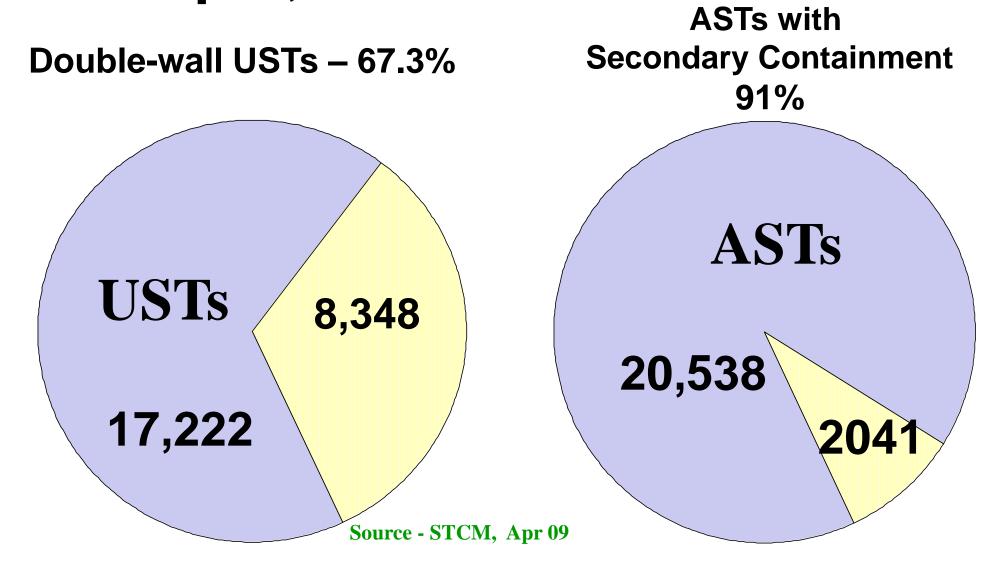




Tanks

*As of Apr, 2009

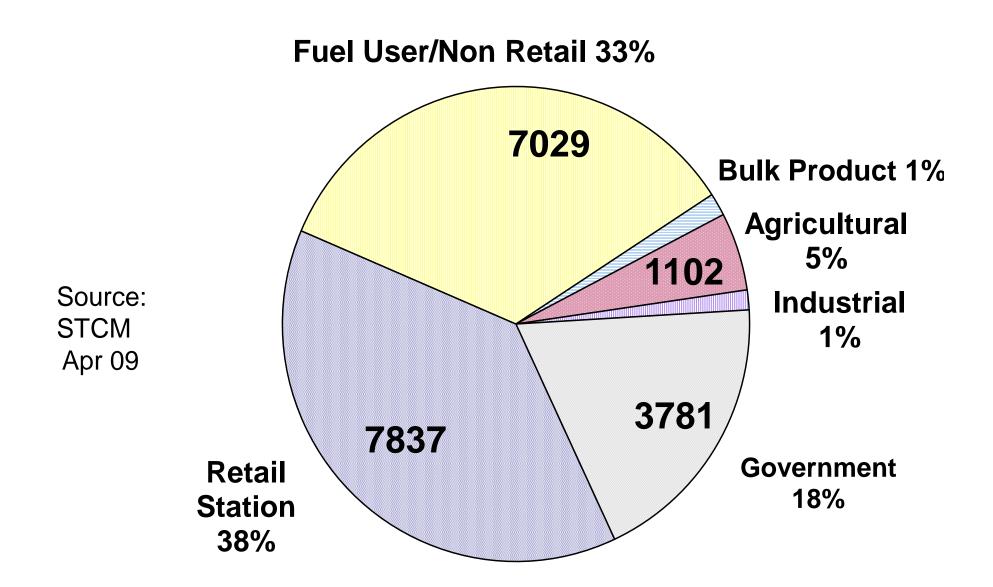
April, 2009 Status



Single-wall USTs 32.7%

Single-wall ASTs - 9%

Storage Tank Ownership by Facility Type 2009 – ASTs & USTs





>35,023 Incident and Discharge Reports Received

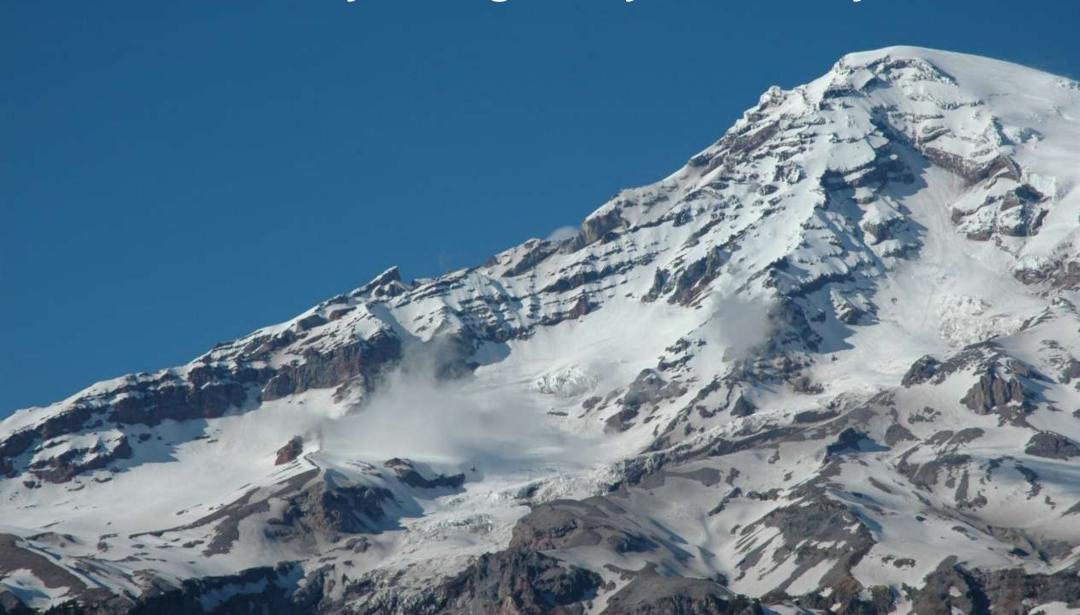
As of April 2009



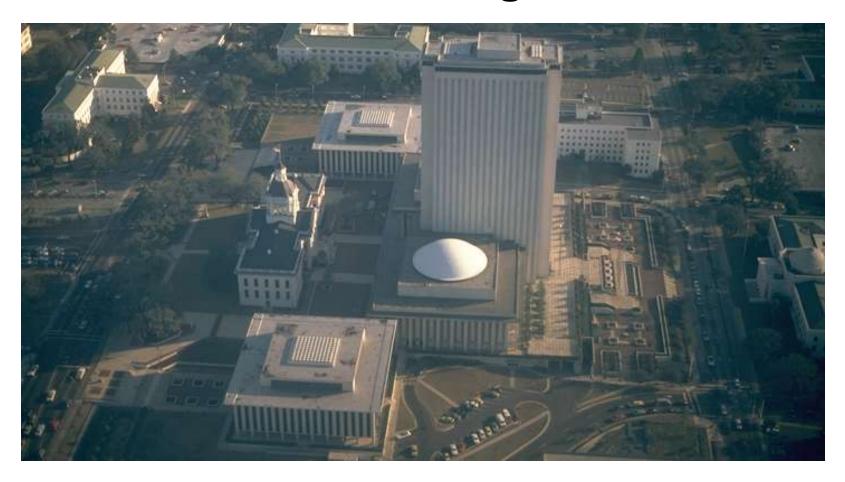




Who or What gives DEP or any Agency the Authority to Regulate your Facility?



Your Elected Representatives in the Florida Legislature!



Legislators pass laws giving authority for state agencies to adopt rules

Proposed AST Rule Changes



Current Rule Revision Effort Ongoing Since 1999









Applicability

Chapter 62-762.301, F.A.C.

- All aboveground storage tanks over 550 gallons containing pollutants (pesticides, chlorine, ammonia, petroleum, or any derivatives of these substances).
- Tanks must contain products that are liquids at standard temperature and pressure.



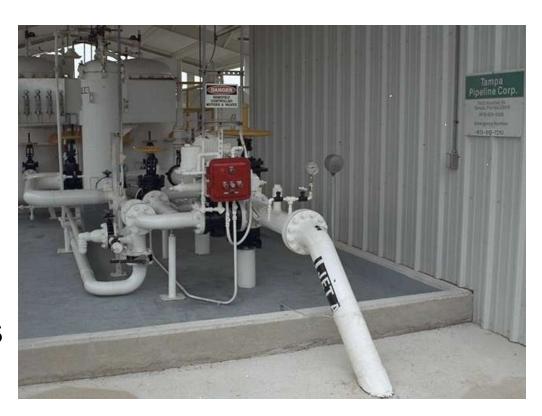






MAJOR EXCLUSIONS:

- LP gas tanks.
- Hydraulic lift tanks.
- Stormwater or septic tanks
- Pipelines.
- Loading racks
- Flow through process tanks
- Residential tanks
- Heating oil tanks for on-site use (<30,000 gallons)













Is this an aboveground tank?









Industry Reference Standards – The Technical Foundation of DEP's Regulations

- ACI American Concrete Institute.
- API American Petroleum Institute.
- ASME American Society of Mechanical Engineers
- ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials.
- NACE National Association of Corrosion Engineers.

()E

- NFPA National Fire Protection Association.
- PEI Petroleum Equipment Institute.
- SSPC Society for Protective Coatings.
- STI Steel Tank Institute.
- UL Underwriters Laboratories.

Industry Reference Standards

- Available for review at DEP and County Offices
- Available for purchase by the Association
- Are considered rules when adopted by DEP
- Are constantly being updated and modified
- Are usually developed in Committee by industry experts, and may include regulators





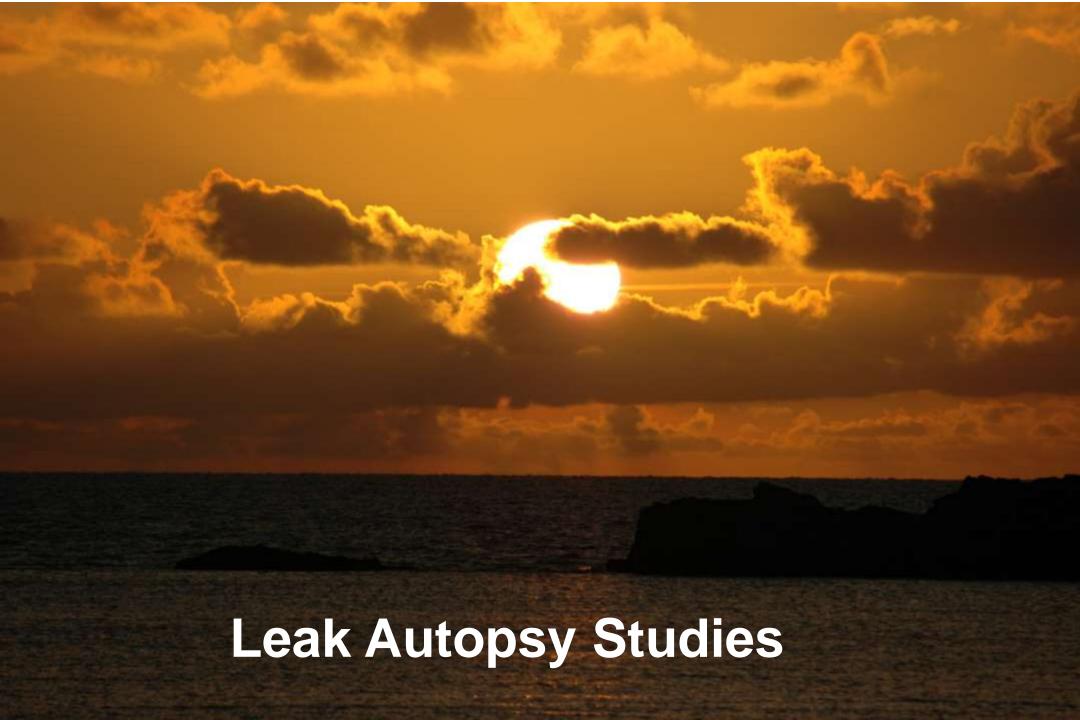




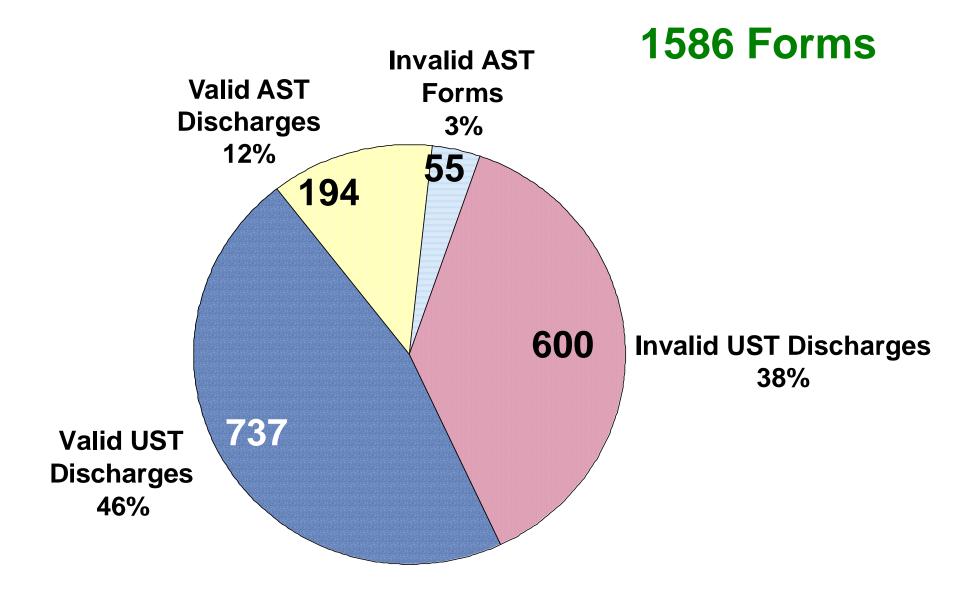


DEP's Florida Leak Autopsy Study – The Statistical Foundation of DEP's Regulations





Florida Leak Autopsy Forms 1 Jan 03 – 10 Mar 08



Field-erected AST Facility Discharges without Leak Study or Leak Autopsy Forms - 88%

Source - STCM, Apr 07 873 Field-erected AST System Discharges 117

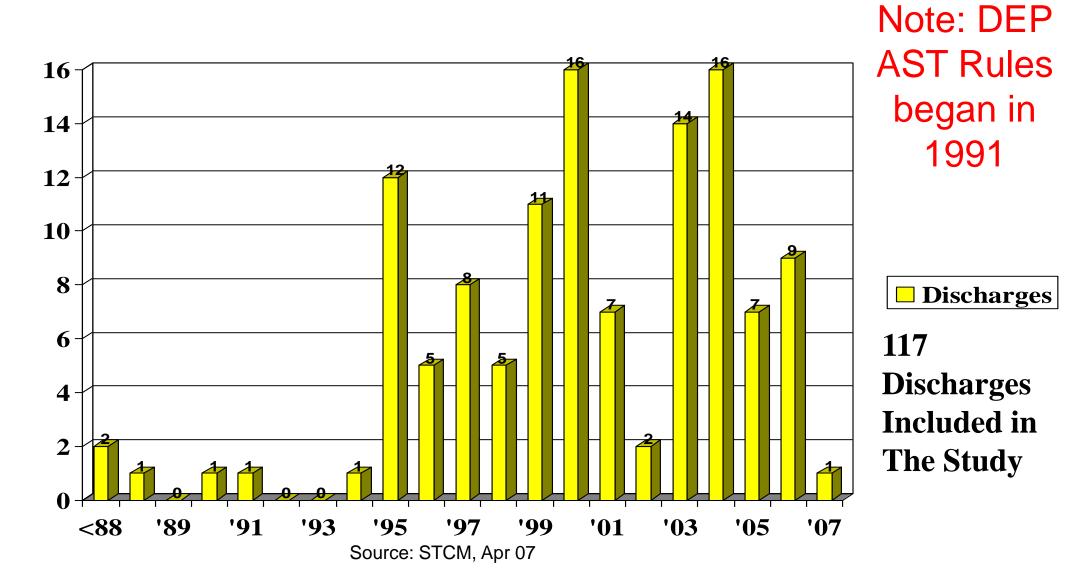
Field-erected AST Facility Discharges with Leak Study or Leak Autopsy Forms - 13%

Leak Autopsy Report Forms

- Required for all new discharges after
 - January 1, 2003
- 47 Post-January 1, 2003 discharges
 (These have completed, field-verified Leak-Autopsy Report Forms)
- 70 Pre-January 1, 2003 discharges from the Florida Cause of Leak Study (Discharge information generated from inspection file reviews)

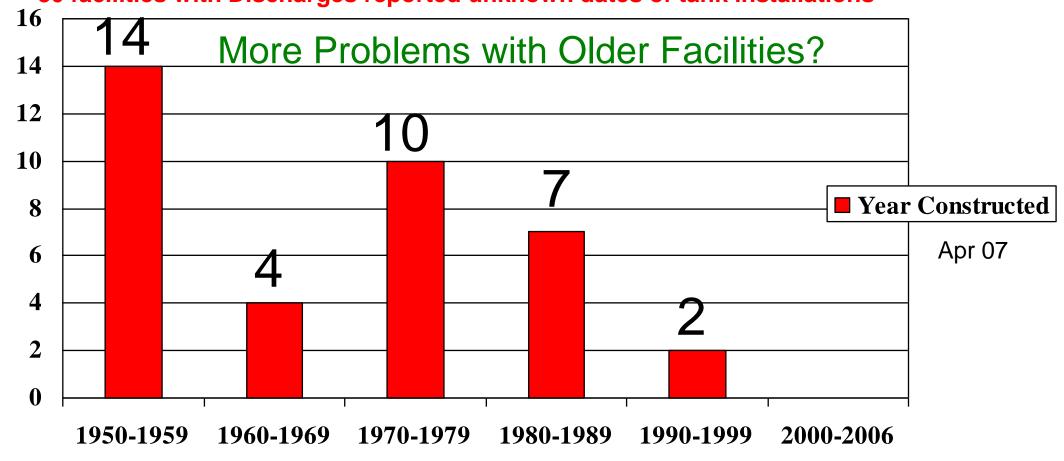


Discharges from Field-erected Aboveground Storage Tank Systems

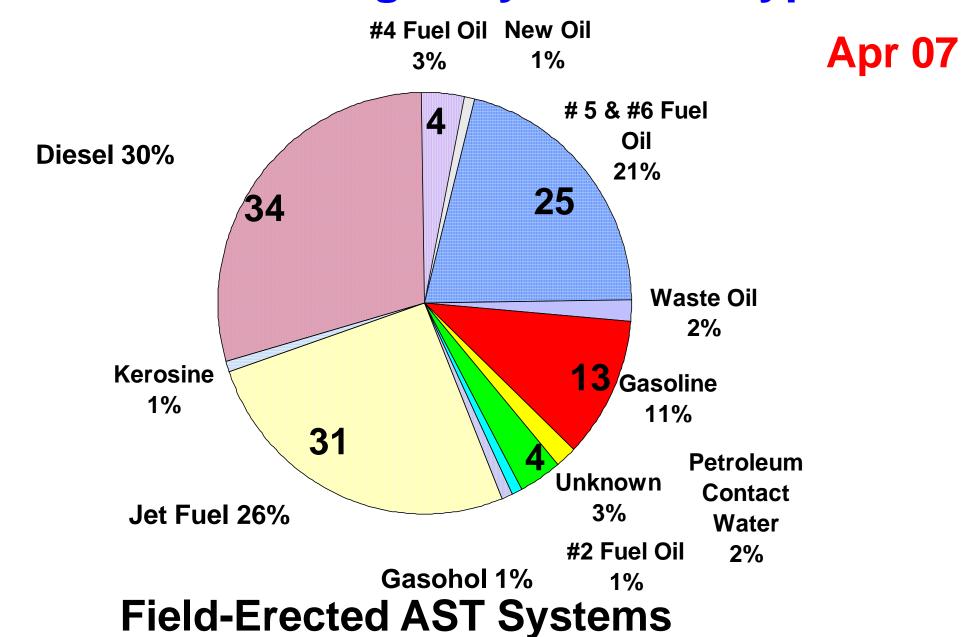


Installation Date Ranges of Field-erected ASTs at Facilities with Discharges

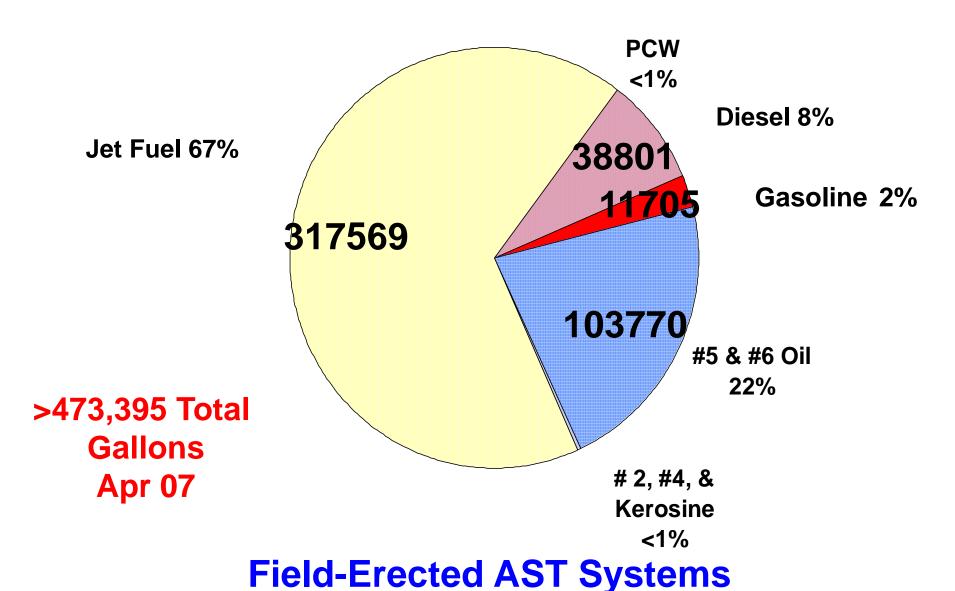
80 facilities with Discharges reported unknown dates of tank installations



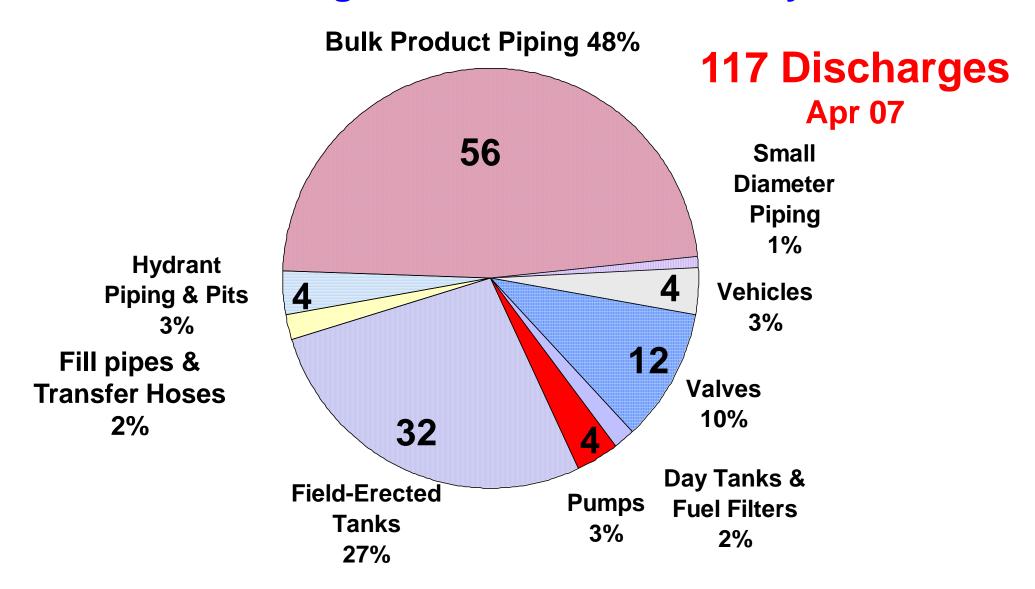
Percent of Discharges by Product Type



Percent of Estimated Gallons Discharged by Product Type

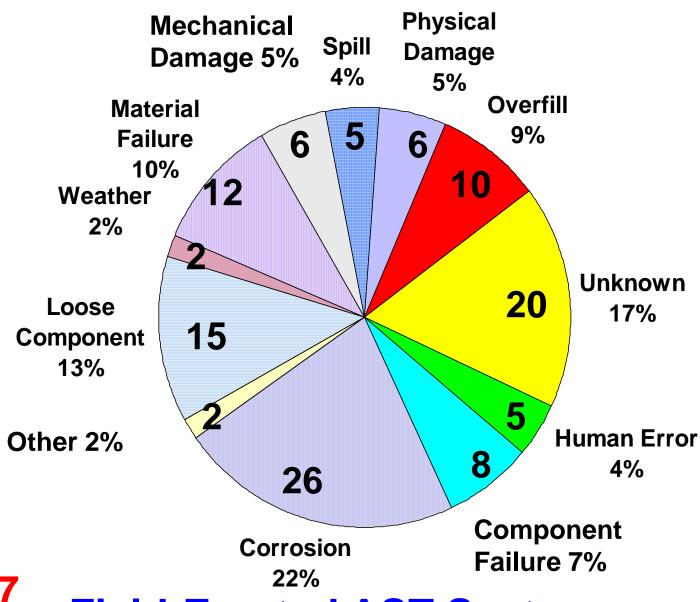


Sources of Discharges - Field-Erected AST Systems



Tanks are only 17% if overfills and other external factors are excluded

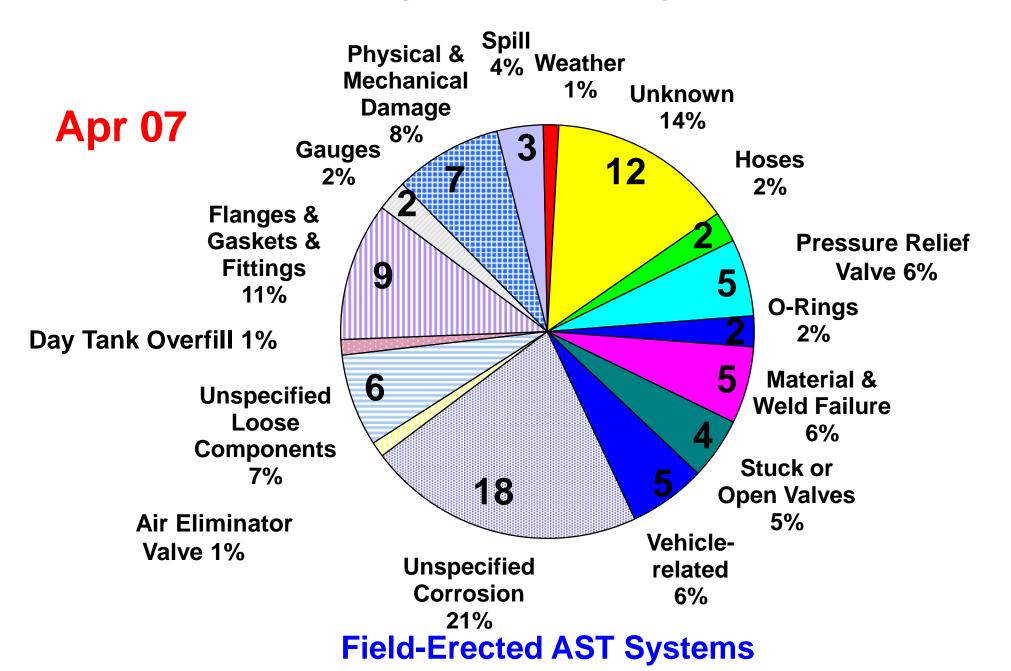
Causes of Discharges from All Sources



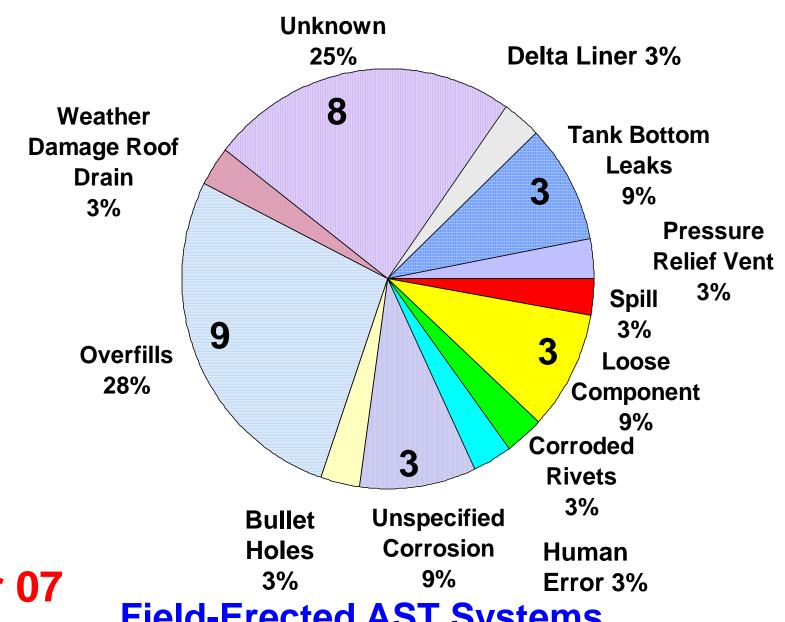
Apr 07

Field-Erected AST Systems

Causes of Discharges from Piping, Valves, & Pumps



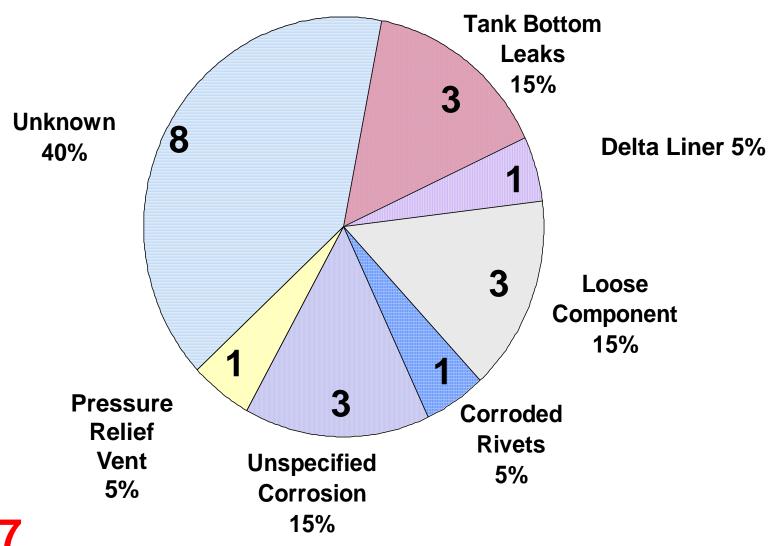
Causes of Discharges from Tanks



Apr 07

Field-Erected AST Systems

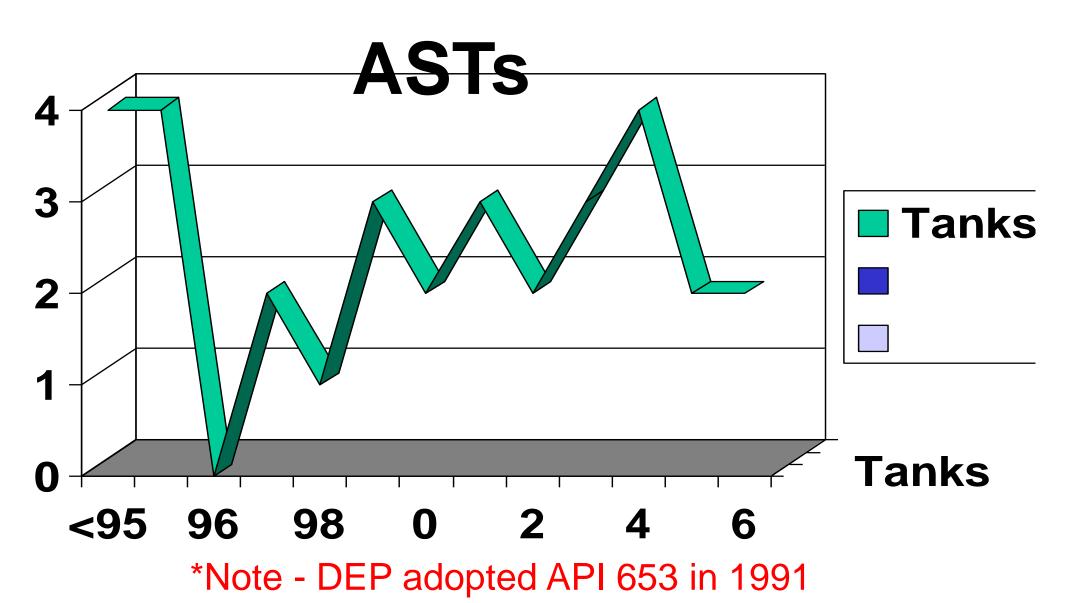
Causes of Discharges from Field-erected Tanks, Excluding External Factors (e.g. Overfills & Weather)

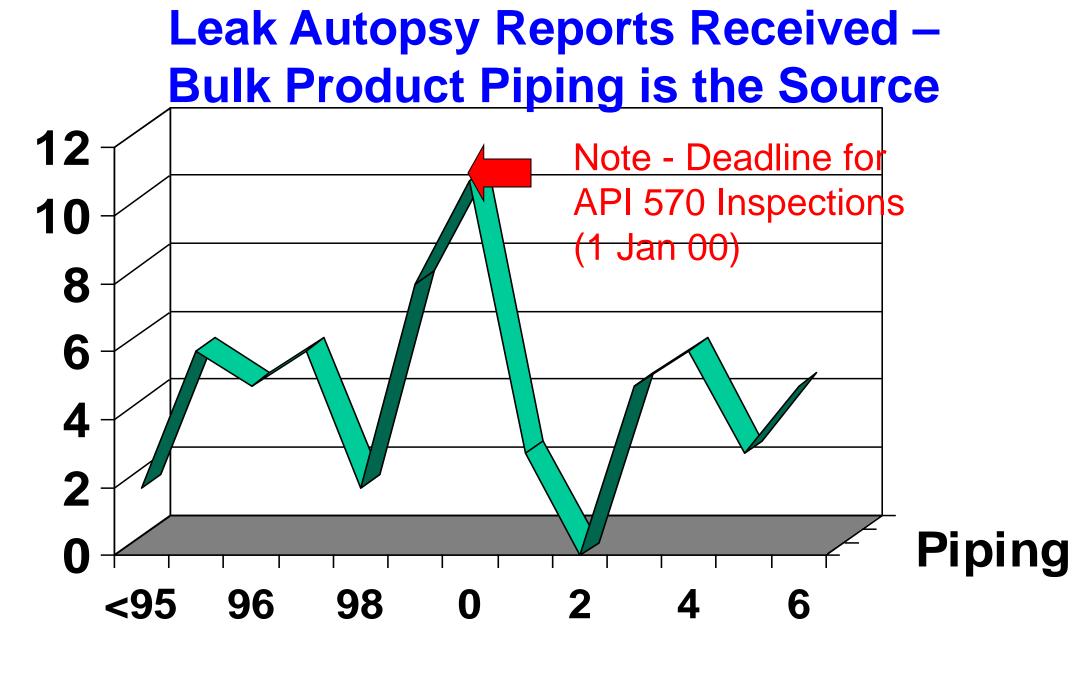


Apr 07

Field-Erected AST Systems

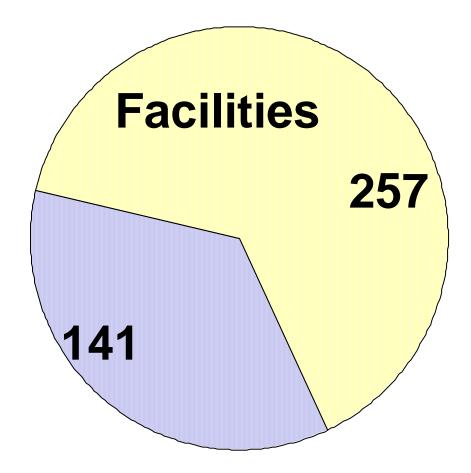
Leak Autopsy Reports Received – Field-erected Tank is the Source





Registered Florida Facilities with Discharges at Sites with Field-erected ASTs - 65%

Source - STCM, Apr 07



Registered Facilities without Discharges 35%

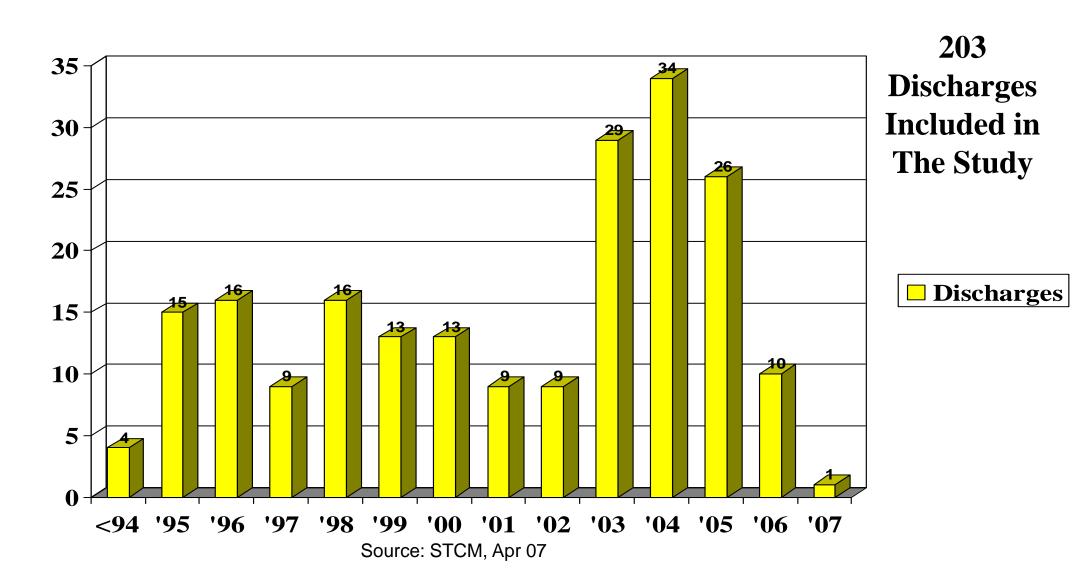






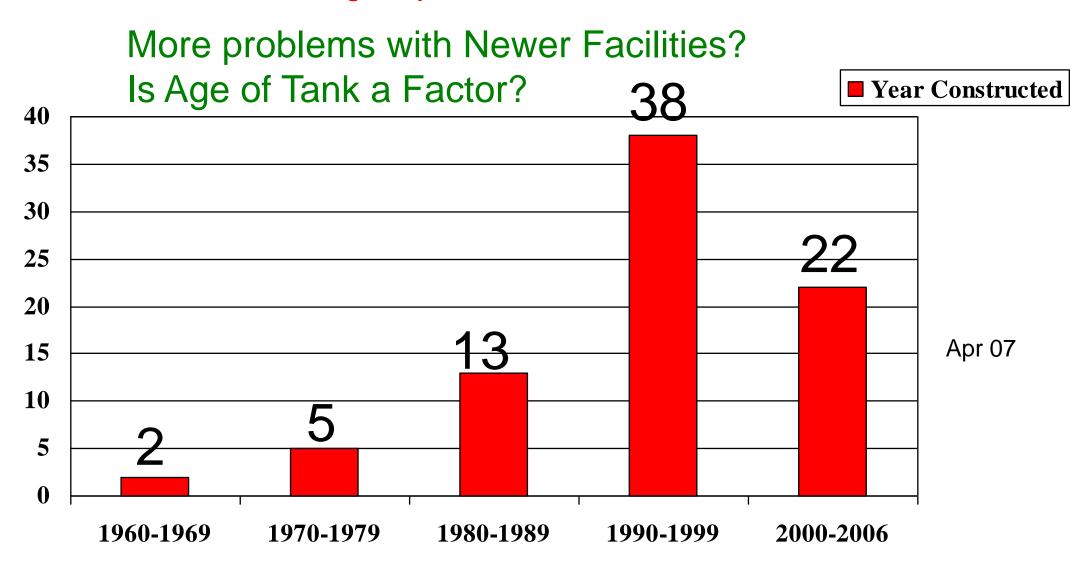


Discharges from Shop-fabricated Aboveground Storage Tank Systems

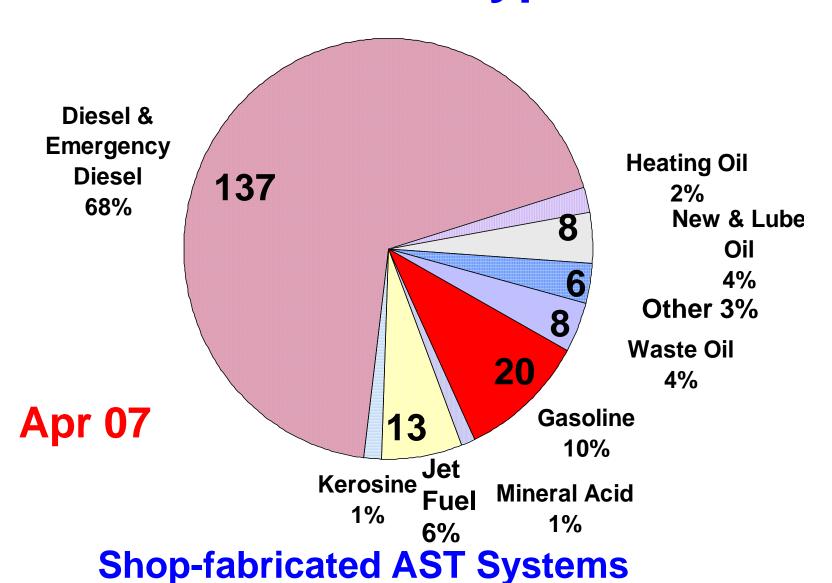


Tank Installation Date Ranges for Shop-fabricated AST Facilities with Discharges

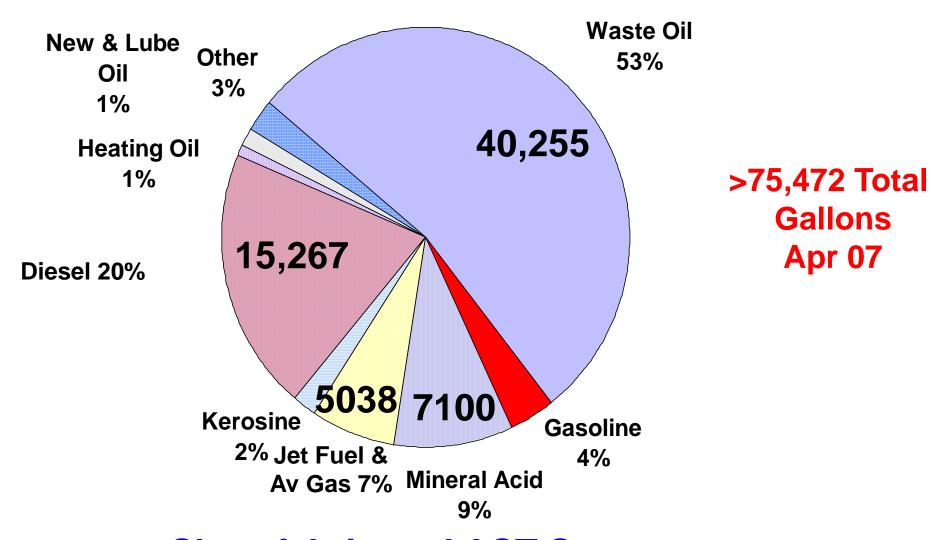
122 facilities with Discharges reported unknown dates of tank installations



Percent of Discharges by Product Type

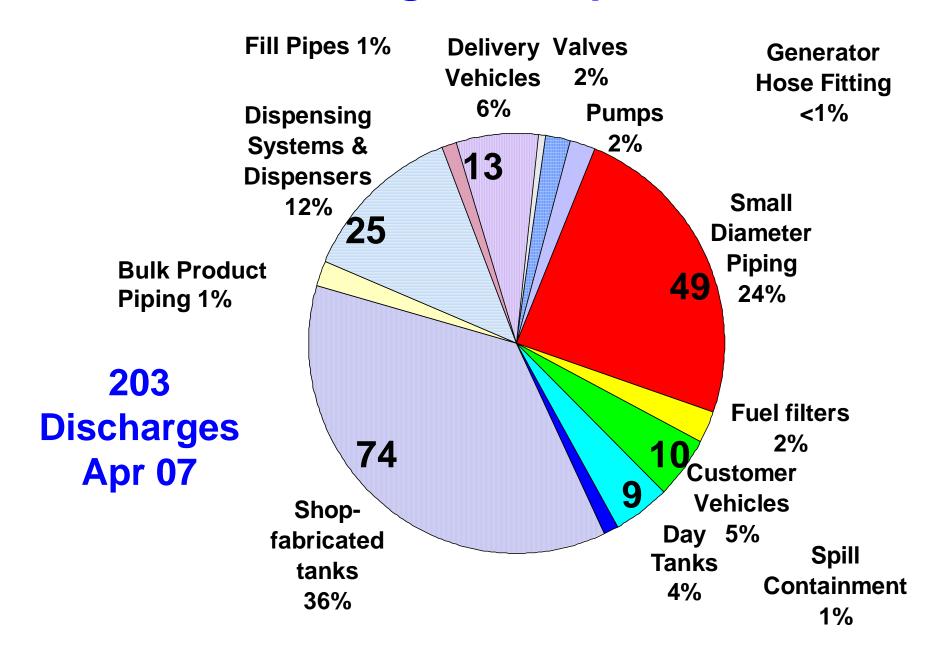


Percent of Estimated Gallons Discharged by Product Type



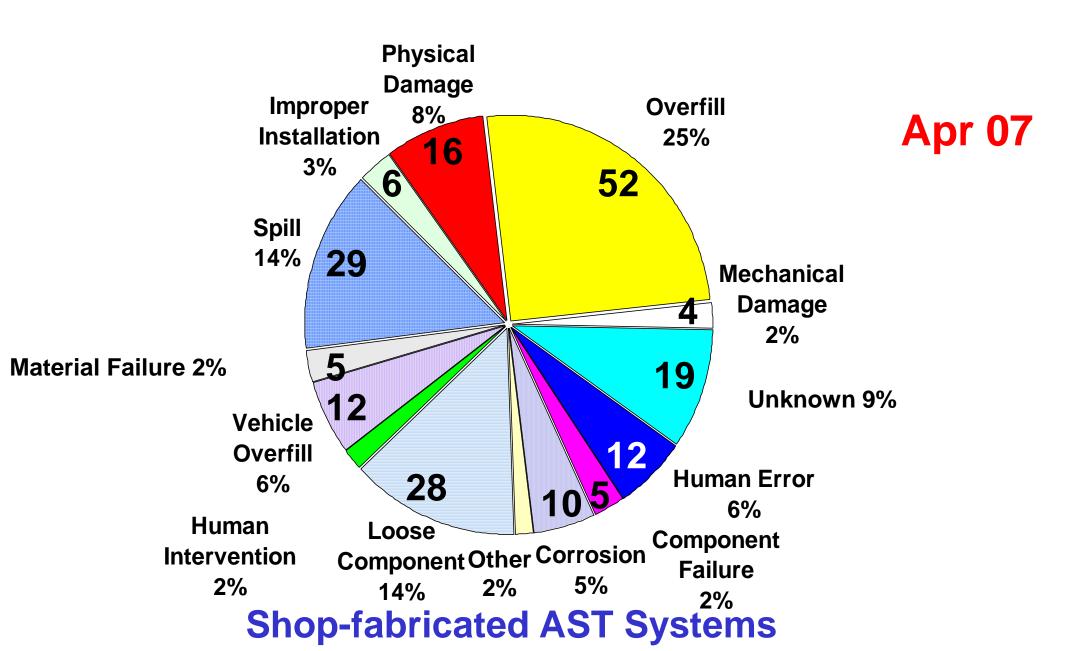
Shop-fabricated AST Systems

Sources of Discharges - Shop-fabricated ASTs

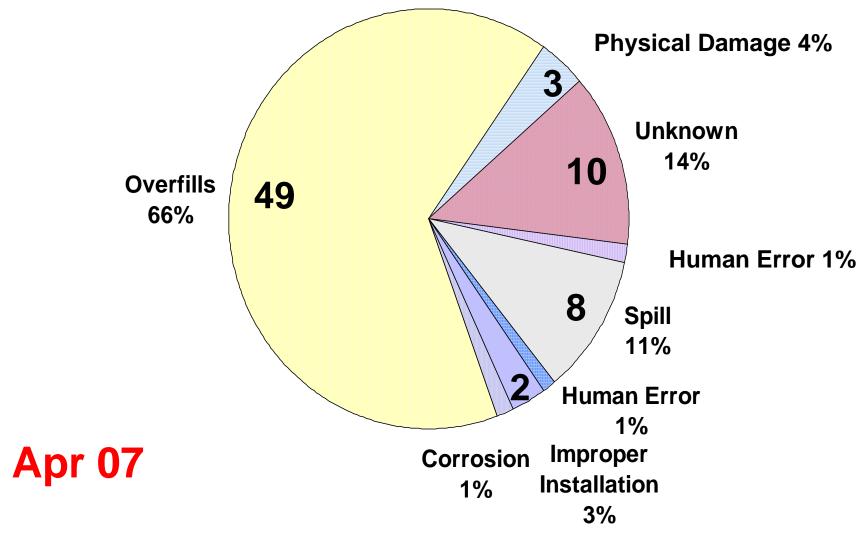




Causes of Discharges from All Sources

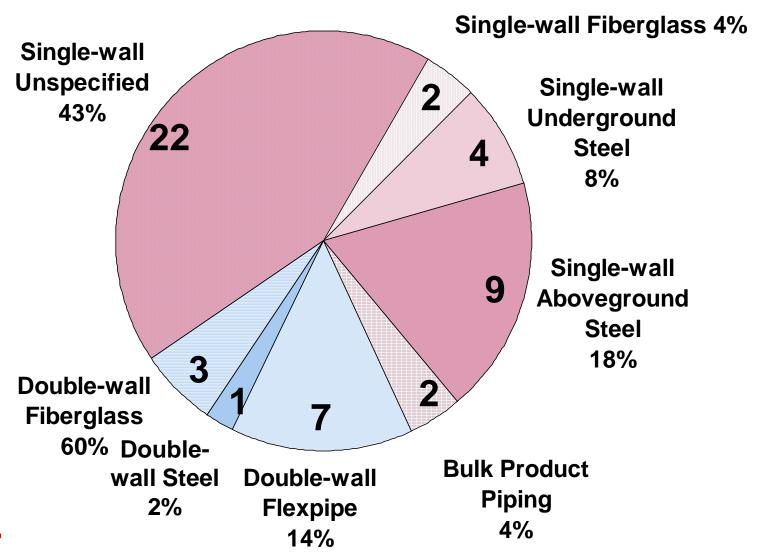


Causes of Discharges from Tanks



Shop-fabricated AST Systems

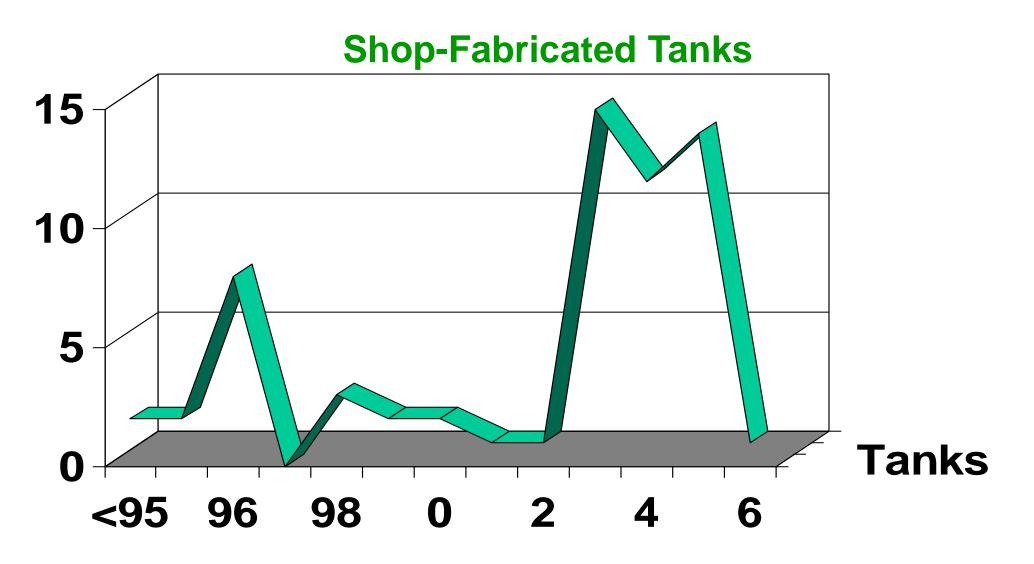
Causes of Discharges from Piping, Different Types of Piping



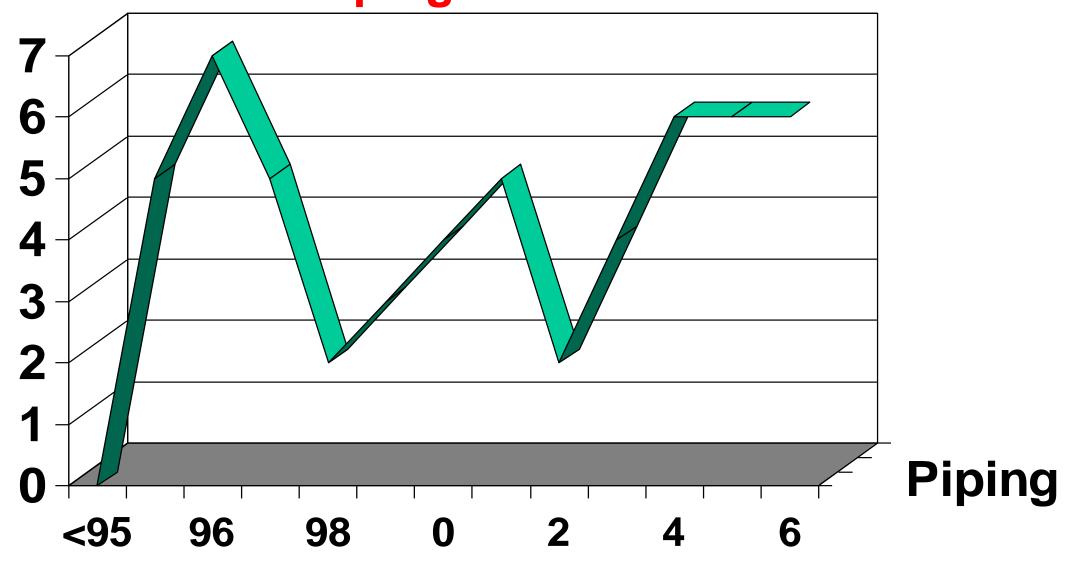
Apr 07

Shop-fabricated AST Systems

Leak Autopsy Reports Received – Tank is the Source



Leak Autopsy Reports Received – Piping is the Source







USE APPROVED EQUIPMENT!



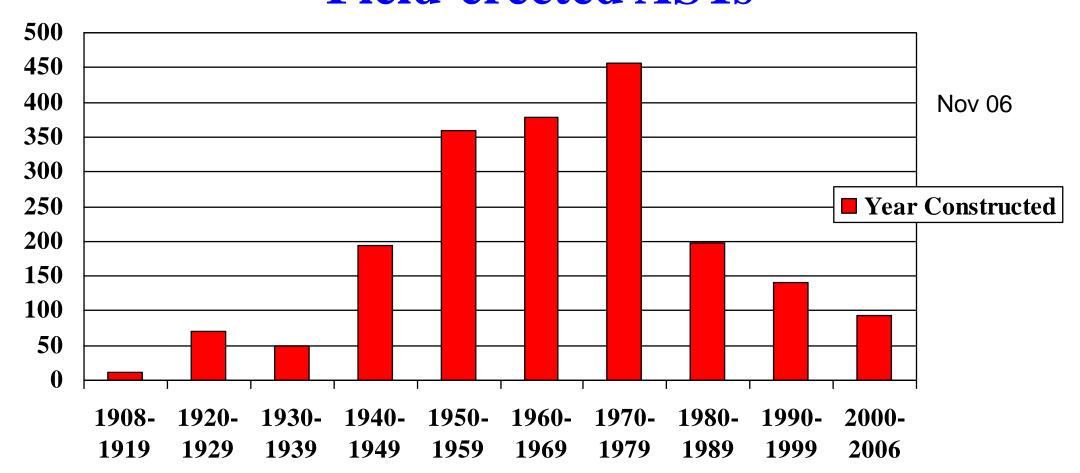
Equipment Approvals







Installation Date Ranges for all Registered Florida Facilities with Field-erected ASTs



398 Facilities with 2144 Tanks >50,000 gallons (189 270.59 liters)

Storage Tank Facilities by Tank Non-**Content - 2006** vehicular **New Oil** Diesel Mineral 2% 10% **Acid** 98 **Jet Fuel 18%** 12% 119 178 **Grade #2 Fuel Oil** 3% **Aviation** 16 Gasoline **Grades #5** 2% & #6 Fuel 134 Vehicular Oil Diesel 13% 15% **52** 187 Waste **Other** Source: STCM Oil/Used Oil Gasoline 5% Nov 06 2% 18%





Piping Connections, Sumps, Manways, & Shell Penetrations



Reference Standards-API-650

Cathodic Protection



























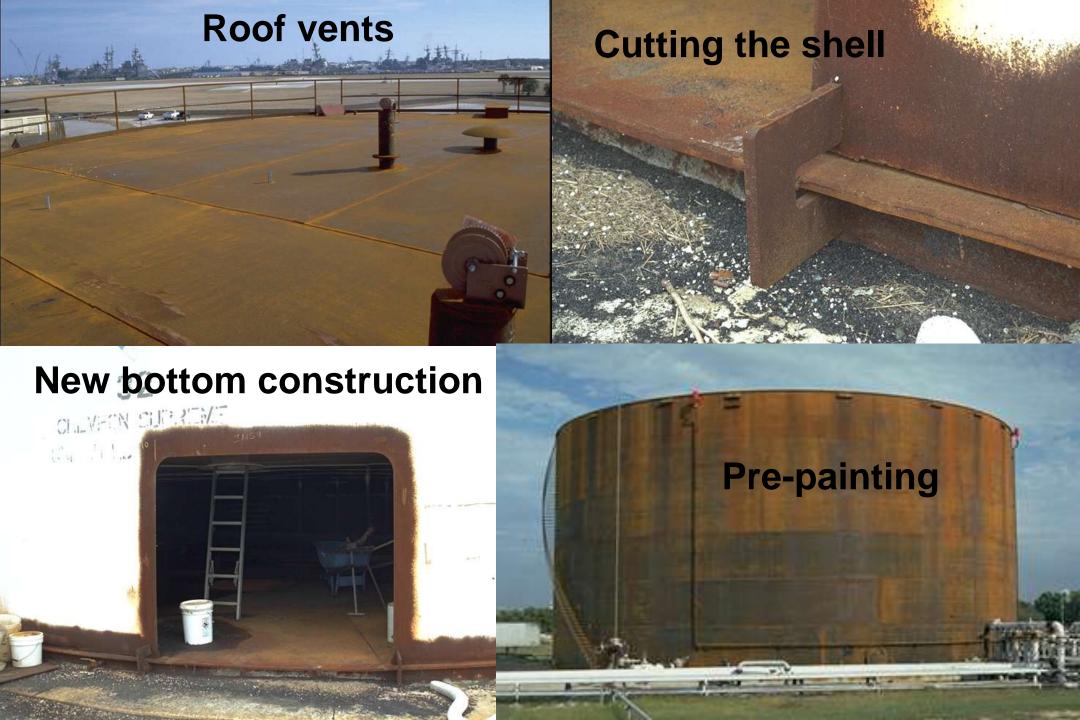












All new tanks must have secondary containment beneath the tank and in the dike-field around the tank*









Issues in selecting the type of shop-fabricated tank best-suited for your needs:

- Storage volume needed
- Site security
- Available space
- Piping needs
- Dispensing needs
- Portability
- Regulation
- Cost
- Operation and maintenance issues
- •Risk assessment fire safety, hurricanes, hunters











Field-erected AST Secondary Containment Options



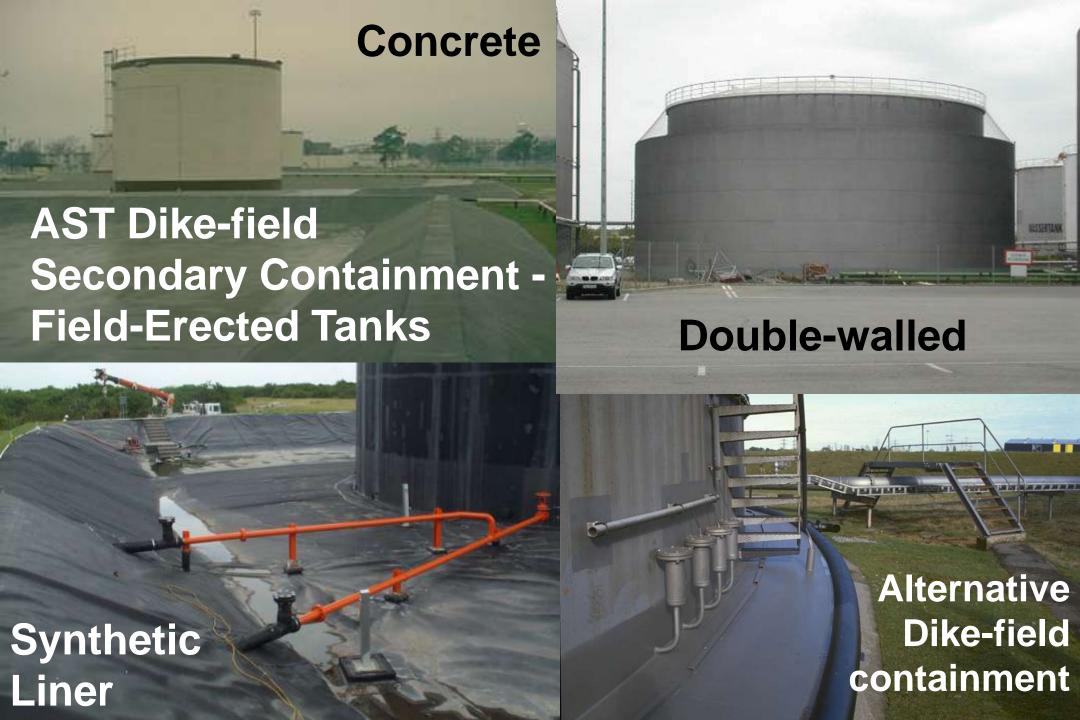


Field-erected AST Lifting for secondary containment installation beneath the tank

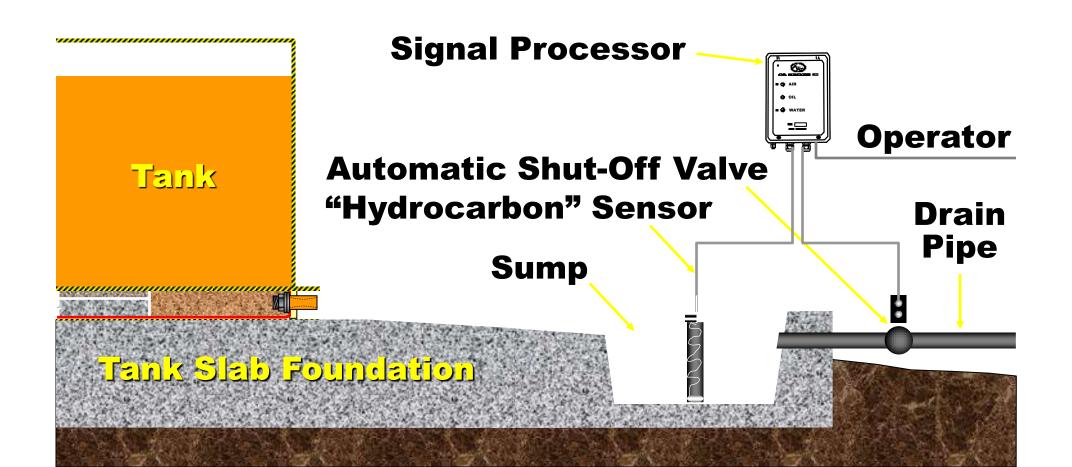








Alternative Dike Field Secondary Containment







Alternative
Dike Field
Secondary
Containment

Shop-fabricated ASTs needed to have secondary containment by January 1, 1990...New tanks need secondary containment at the time of installation







AST Secondary Containment - Shop-fabricated Tanks



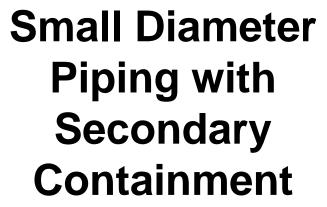


Piping



The major source of Field-erected AST leaks...

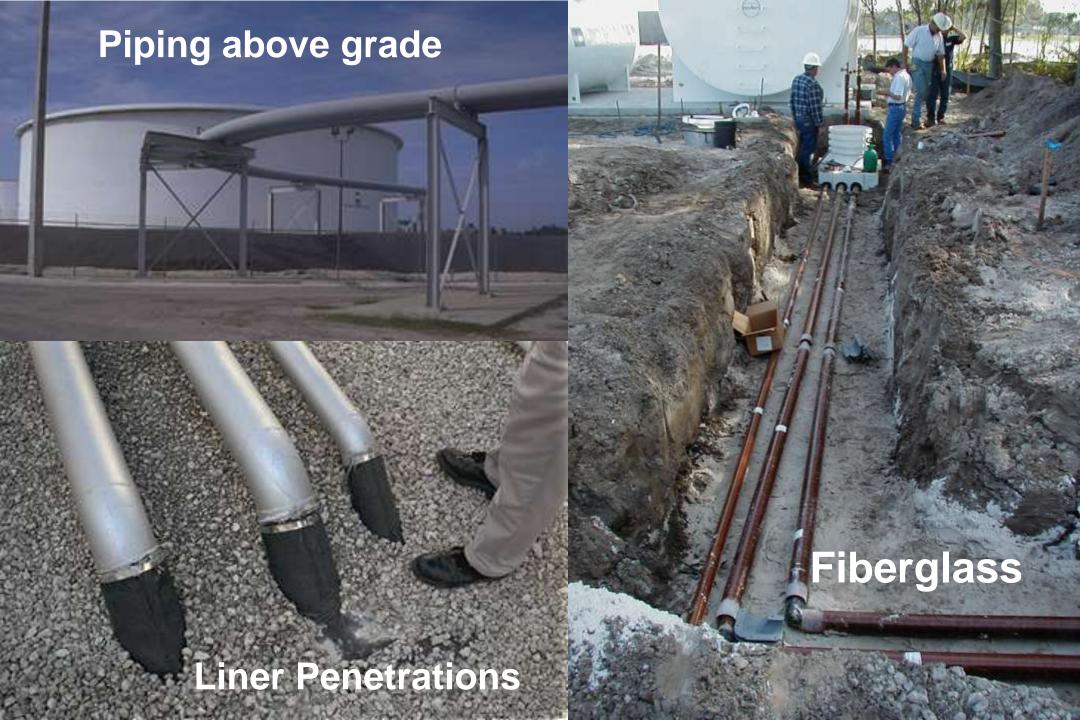






steel









Steel Bulk Product Piping with Secondary Containment - Installation concerns



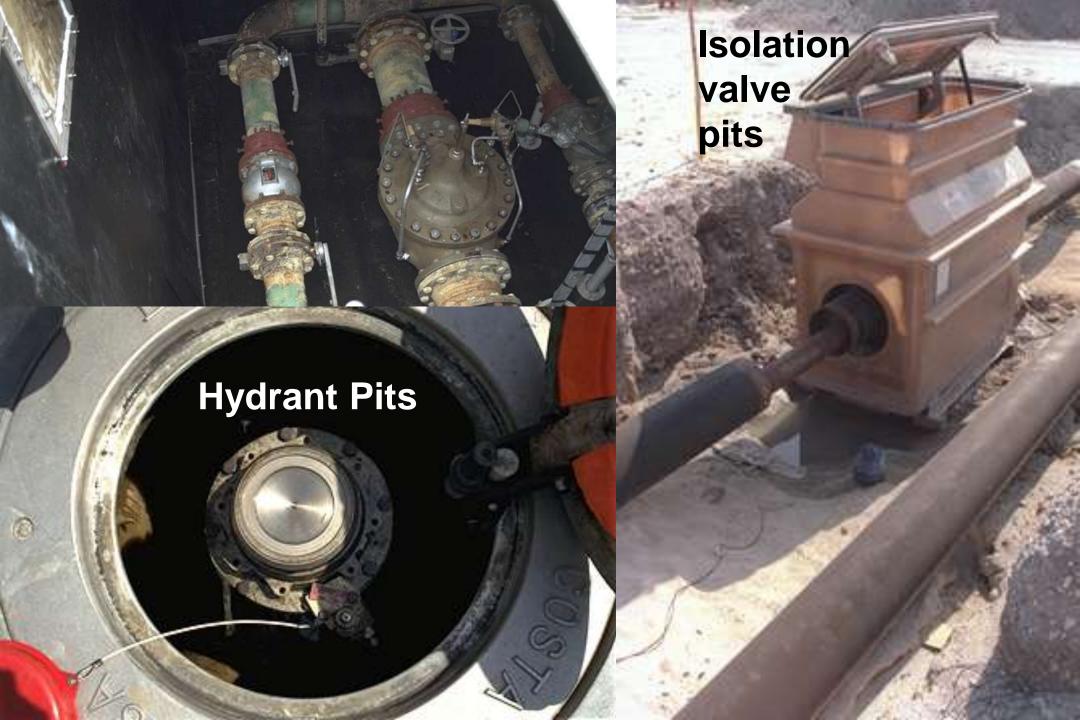


























Table AST

Chapter 62-762.511, F.A.C.

• Year Installed 1994 2000 2005 2010

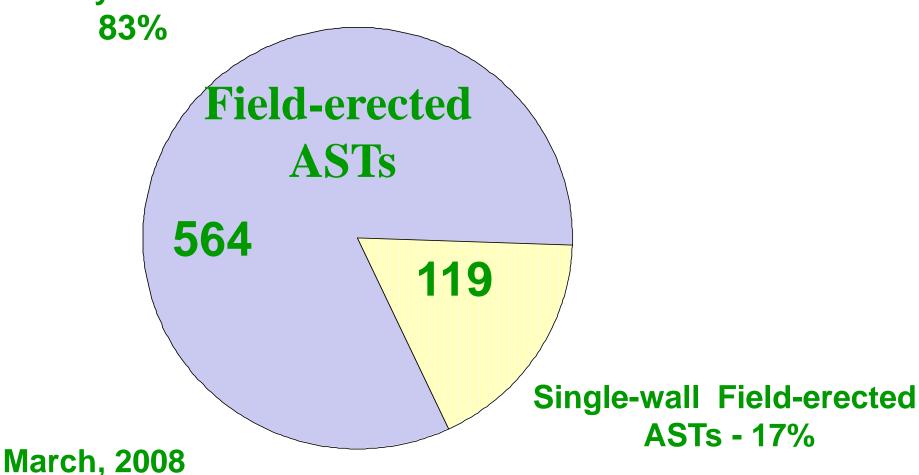
+ Before the P TVX W effective date

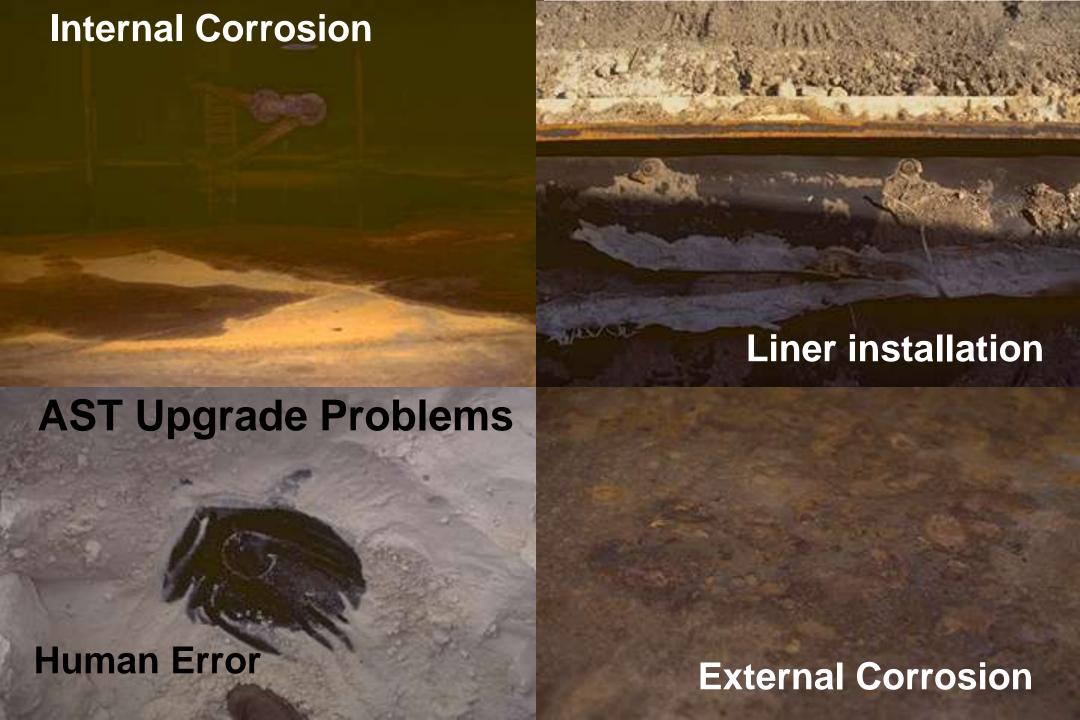
of the rule



Upgrade status

Field-erected ASTs with Secondary Containment







- DEP has never extended a deadline...
- Over 80% have upgraded, DEP would be sued if they extended the deadline
- Supply and demand...The longer you wait, the more demand for and the less available the supply of qualified installers of AST secondary containment
- Supply and Demand...The longer you wait, the more demand for and the more expensive the tank and piping system







- You have a choice of methods for single or double-wall systems
- Release detection must be performed monthly
- Anything that can be visual inspected must be visually inspected
- Secondary containment systems must have interstitial monitoring
- You must have an RDRL a Release Detection Response Level established for major components
- You must keep records of your findings



Performance Standards for Release Detection Methods

- General. Methods of release detection shall:
- Be capable of detecting a leak of 0.2 gallons per hour or 150 gallons within 30 days with a probability of detection of 0.95, and a probability of false alarm of 0.05, with the exception of tightness testing, visual inspections, groundwater or vapor monitoring; and manual tank gauging.
- Be approved in accordance with Rule 62-762.851(2), F.A.C.
- Have a release detection response level described in writing.

Internal Release Detection for Single-wall Systems

NONE

External Release Detection for Single-wall Systems

- Well construction
- Site Suitability
- Groundwater monitoring wells
- Vapor monitoring wells





External Monitoring

 Directionally-drilled fiberoptic or cable systems that can detect new discharges above background levels of contamination





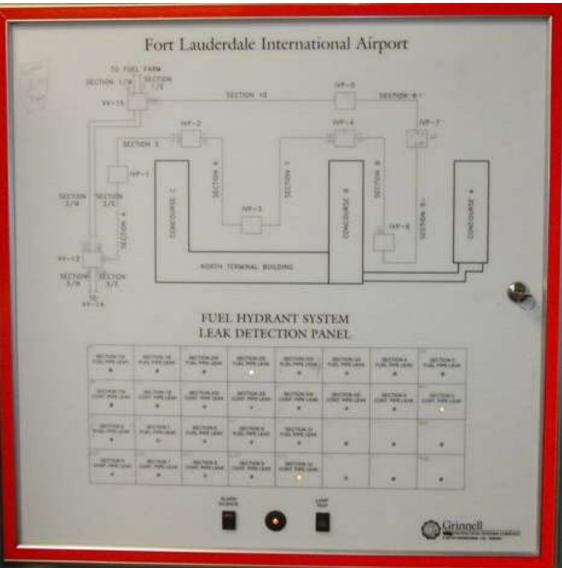
Release Detection for Double-wall Systems

Internal Interstitial Monitoring



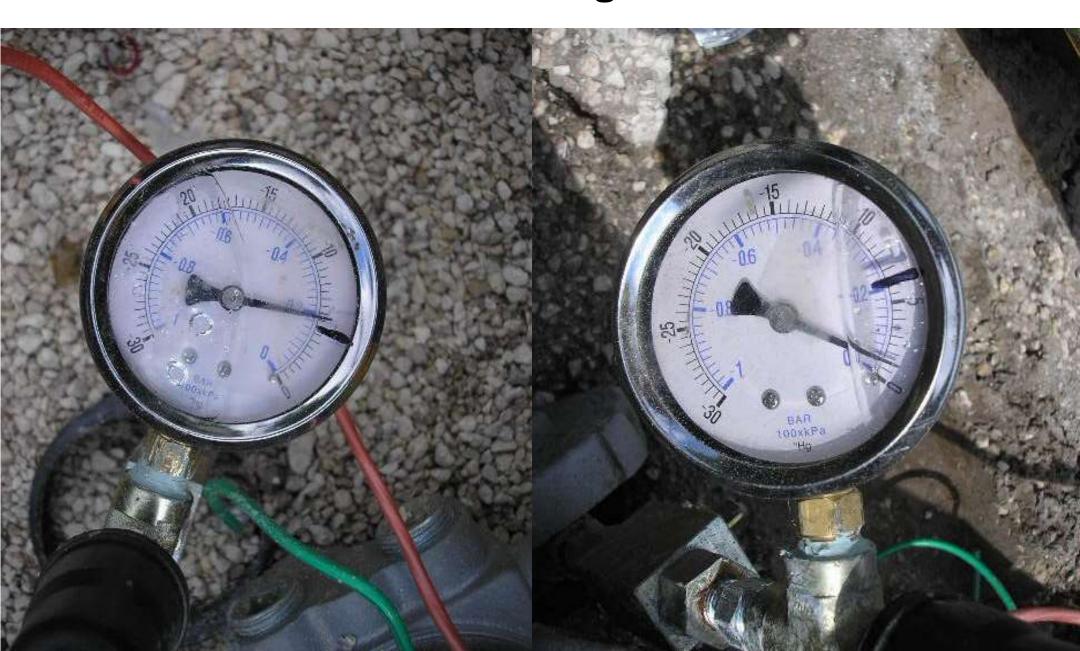
- Hydrostatic
- Sensors & Probes

Interstitial Monitoring for tanks and piping





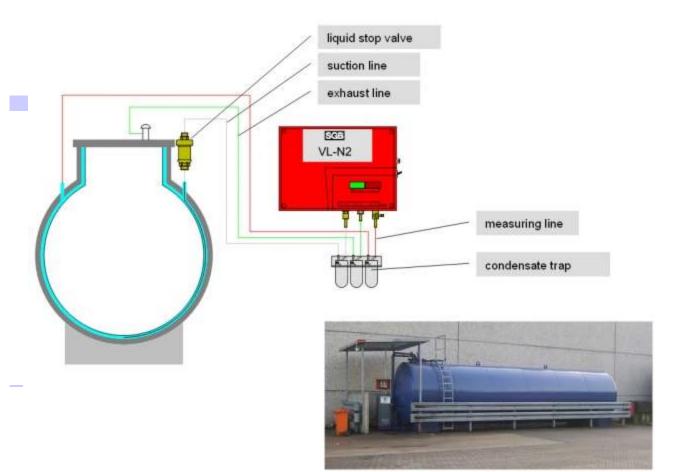
Vacuum Gauges

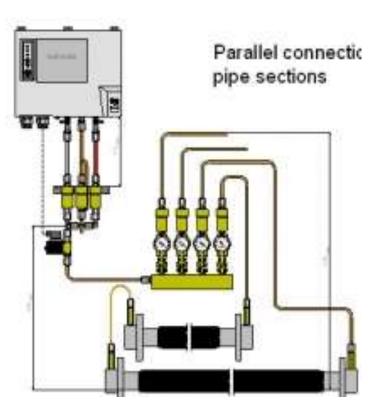


Recommendation for Release Detection...

"First Class" Version

Vacuum or Pressure Continuous Monitoring





Recommendation for Release Detection...

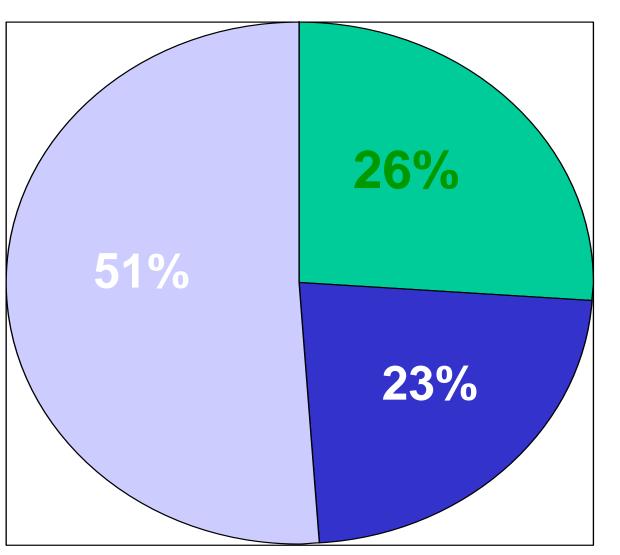
The "Economy" Version





Visual Inspections!

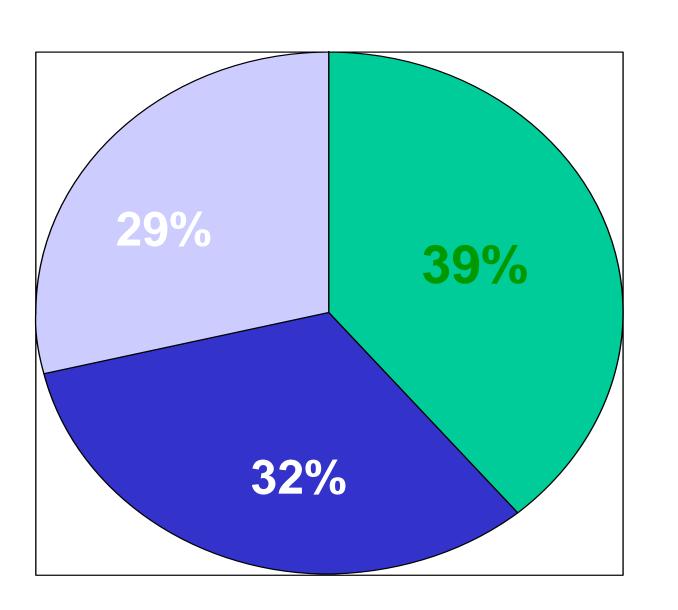
Success of Leak Detection – Florida Cause of Leak Study



2002

- Detected
- Failed
- Unable or Unknown

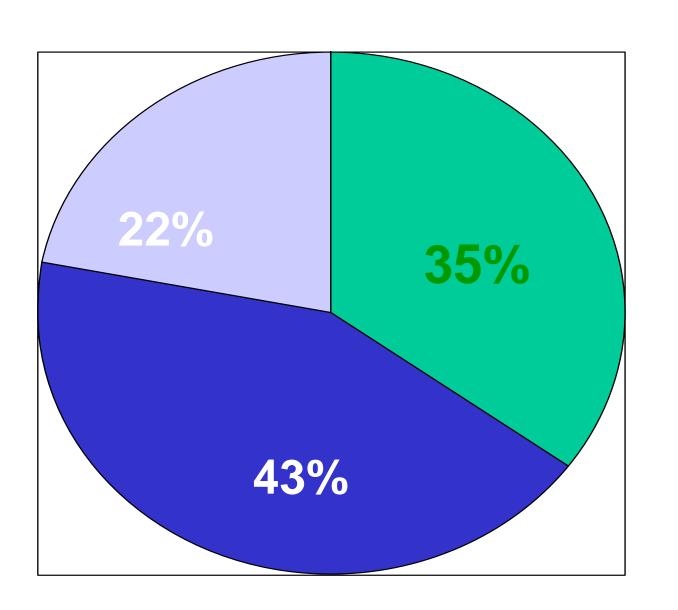
Success of Leak Detection



March 06

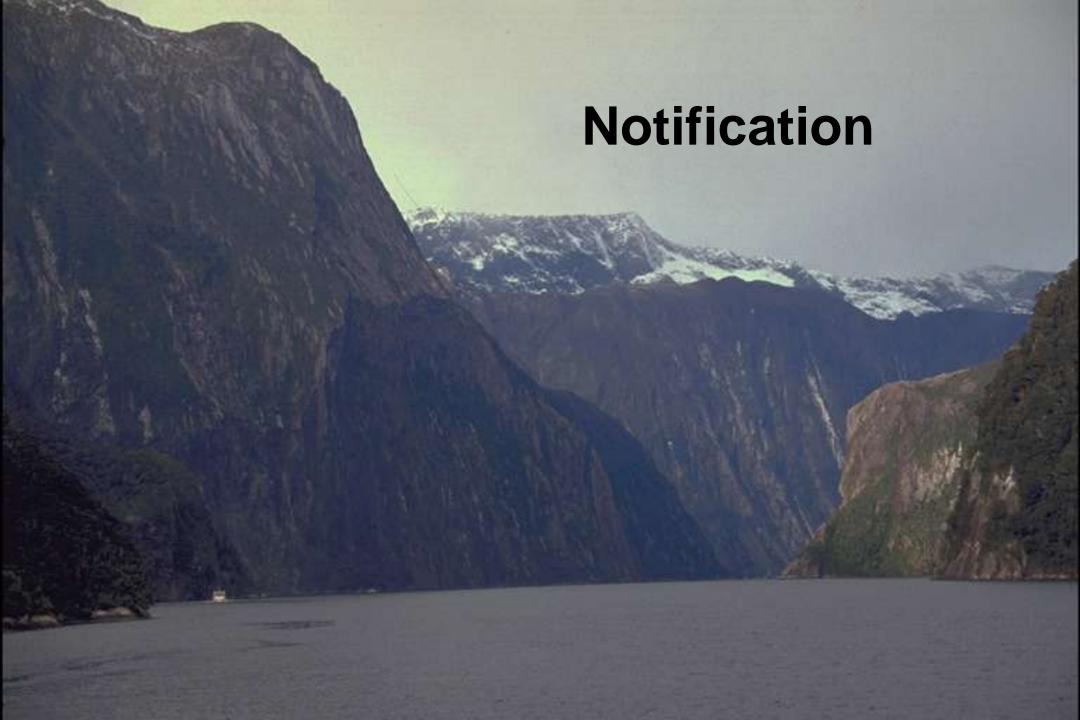
- Detected
- Failed
- Unable or Unknown

Success of Leak Detection



Mar 08

- Detected
- Failed
- Unable or Unknown



Notification – The County (DEP's Contractor) must be given a verbal or written notice within:

- •30 days of installation or upgrading
- •10 days before internal inspections or closure
- And an additional notice within 48 hours of the above
- •30 days after installation, complete DEP Registration Form for change of ownership, closure, upgrading, facility info, including financial responsibility





Registration

- Owners must register with FDEP 30 days <u>after</u> regulated substances are put into the system.
- Fees \$25/year/tank < 250,000 gallons
 - \$1 per 10,000 gallons > 250,000 gallons
- Questions? Call: 850-245-8839



FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION STORAGE TANK REGISTRATION PLACARD

2004-2005

FACILITY ID: 9805385

US SUGAR CORP AVIATION

AIRGLADES AIRPORT CLEWISTON FL 33440 -HENDRY COUNTY

FACILITY TYPE: Fuel user/Non-retail

STCM ACCOUNT: 22934

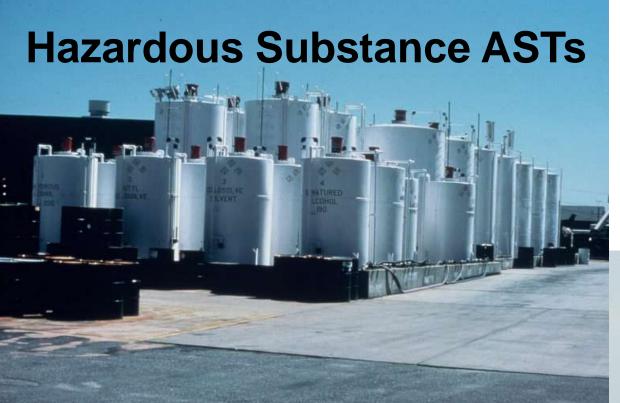
FACILITY:

PLACARD NO: 218443

PLACARD ISSUED: 06/17/2004 PLACARD EXPIRES: 06/30/2005

TANK SYSTEMS HE TENED SO

Michael W. Sole, Director Division of Waste Management Department of Environmental Protection



Registered, but not Regulated

Must pay Registration Fees





Financial Responsibility

- References EPA Requirements.
- One million dollars coverage required for petroleum marketers (cleanup and third party liability).
- \$500,000 coverage required for non-marketers.
- Use FR Allowable Mechanisms Letter of Credit, Surety Bond, Insurance, etc.
- Only for petroleum storage systems. State & Federal facilities are exempt

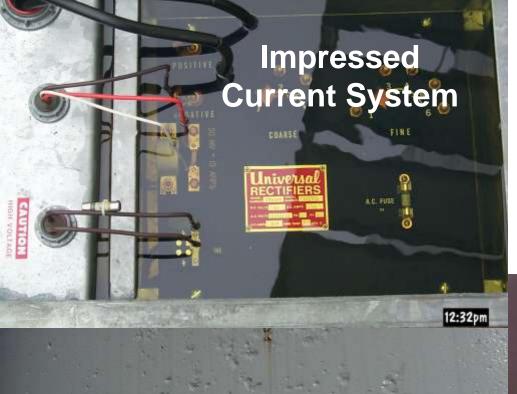


Repairs, Operation, and Maintenance of Storage Tank Systems

Repairs Short-cuts don't always work, and you get what you pay for...







Cathodic Protection





Dike-field Maintenance







General O & M

Piping connection drip-protection



Stormwater management

Stormwater retention and removal, and dike field liners





REPAIRED / ALTERED TO API 653 EDITION FIRST Reconstructed by: API-12C Original Standard TAMPA TANK, INC. TAMPA, FLORIDA Tank No. __ 32-1 Height_ 48'-3" Tank Dia. _ 70'-0" SEPT., 1995 Date Completed 0.74 (GASOLINE) Specific Gravity 95058/303 Serial No. _ ATMOSPHERIC Design Pressure Allow. Shell 1957 Orig. Const. Date Mat'l. Stress Course A283 GR-C BOT. 0.46" 23.430 NA Year Reconstructed A283 GR-C 23,430 2 nd. 0.40° 42'-2" A283 GR-C Liquid Level Max. 25,960 3 rd. 0.31" 28.900 Bbl Capacity A283 GR-C 25.960 4 th. 0.25" AMBIENT Max. Operating Temp. A283 GR-C 5 th. 0.23 25,960

A283 GR-C

25,960

6 th. 0.25"



Unusual Situations

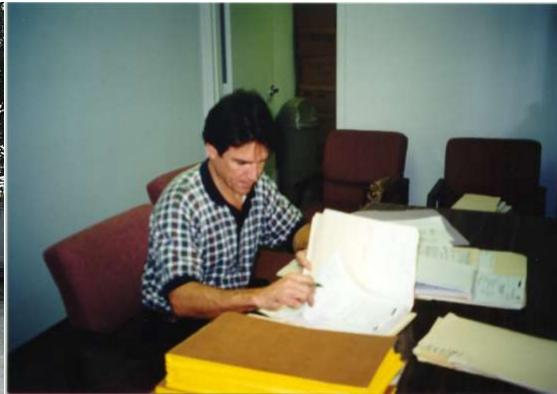




RecordKeeping

Most records kept for two years, others for the life of the system





Recordkeeping

- Keep a spiral notebook of visual inspections
- Keep a tabbed notebook of all other records required by the Department
- Photo-document if possible
- Keep DEP Registration Information up-to-date



Out-of-Service and Closure Requirements



Out-of-Service Single-wall – 2 years Double-wall – 10 years

Tanks must be empty!







AST Closure

Two Choices –

Removal, or abandonin-place







A Petroleum Storage System Contractor (PSSC) certified by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation IS NOT REQUIRED



Closure Assessments

Recommendation: Hire a qualified, experienced professional environmental



Incident and Discharge Reporting

Discharges

Incidents





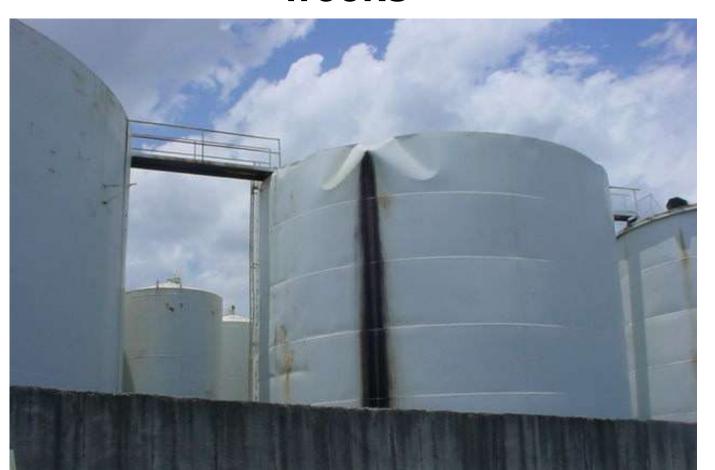
Incident & Discharge Response

Tank bottom leak that remains in the dike-field - incident

Overfill outside of the dikefield - discharge



Incident Response – Complete Form #6 within 24 hours or the close of the next business day – perform an investigation and notify the County of the results within two weeks



Discharge Response – Complete Form #1 within 24 hours or the close of the next business day – control and abate the discharge





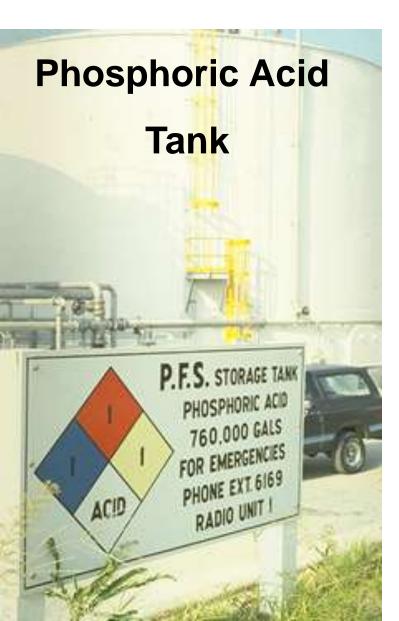
Ammonia Storage Tanks





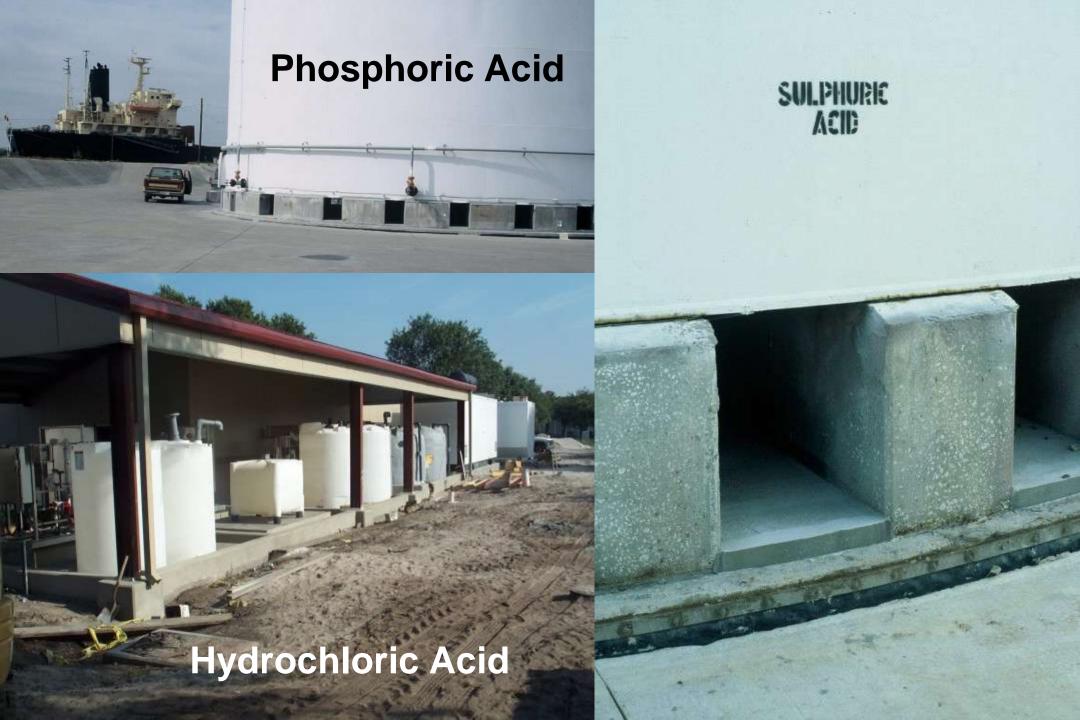


Mineral Acid Storage Tanks



Sulfuric Acid Tank 800,000 Gallon Discharge





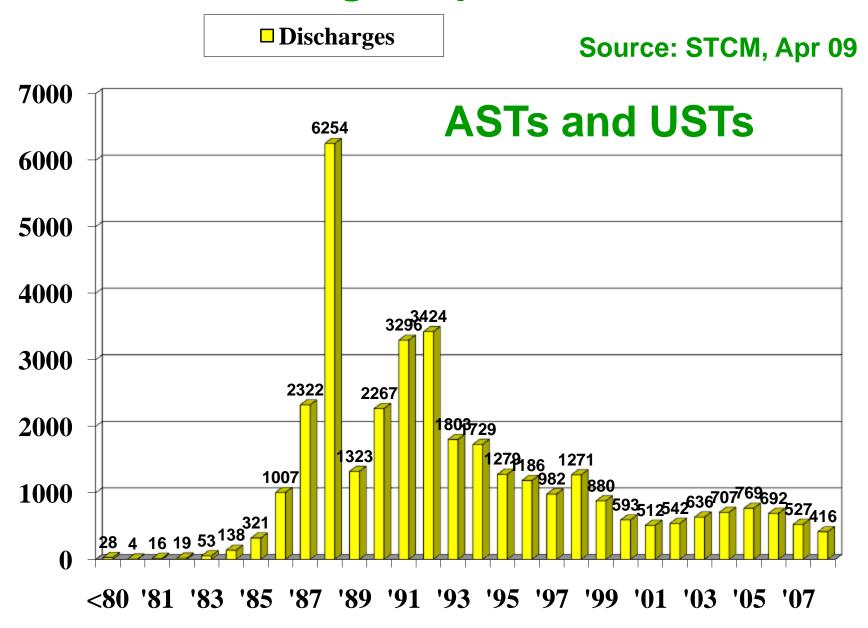


Storage Tank Forms

- 1. Discharge Report.
- 2. Storage Tank Facility Registration.
- 3. Certification of Financial Responsibility.
- 4. Alternate Procedures.
- 6. Incident Notification.
- 8. Limited Closure Summary Report



Petroleum Discharge Report Forms Received

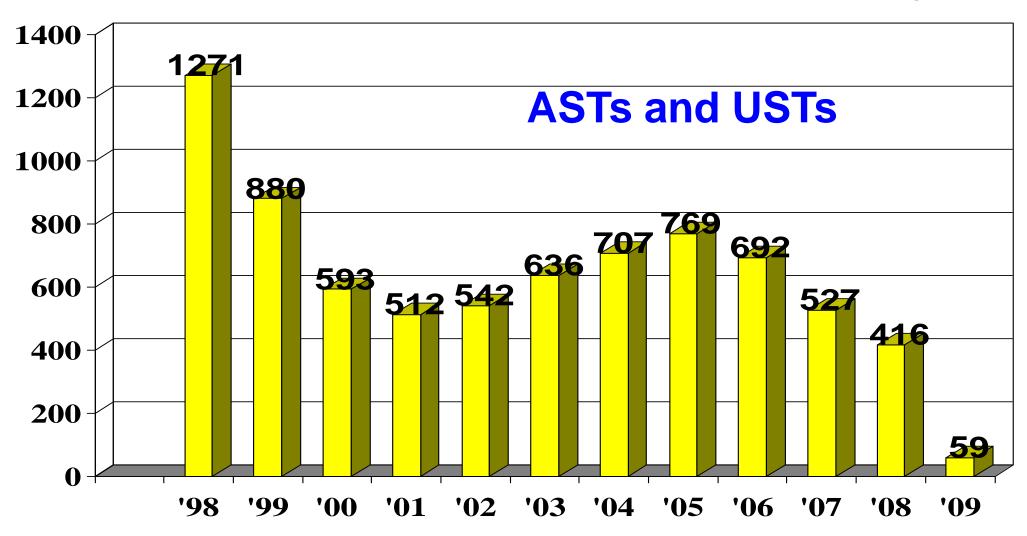


35,023 Discharge Report Forms Received

Post-1998 Petroleum Discharge Report Forms Received

Discharges

Source: STCM, Apr 09



7604 Post-1998 Discharge Report Forms Received





Atlas Fueling Systems Eco-Station



